

TITLE IX PRESENTATION

THREE RIVERS COMMUNITY COLLEGE

INTRODUCTION

- Becca Kitchell| Deputy Title IX Coordinator
 - ► Office: C131-A
 - P. 860-215-9240
 - ► E. <u>rkitchell@trcc.commnet.edu</u>



TITLE IX LAW

No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.



At Three Rivers Community College We:

Strive to maintain a safe and welcoming environment free from acts of sexual misconduct and sex discrimination.

Partner to protect our students, faculty, and staff.

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

Engaging in activity that is unwilling, unknowing, and unwelcome.



Sexual Harassment

- Unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors.
- Quid Pro Quo (A favor for a favor).
- Hostile environment.
- Retaliation.

What are some examples?



Sexual Assault

- Sexual act directed at another person without their consent.
- Sexual act directed at another person who is not capable of giving such consent....but what is consent?





Sexual Exploitation

- When a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for their gain or benefit.
- Examples:
 - Non-consensual video or audio-taping of sexual activity;
 - Going beyond the boundaries of consent (such as letting your friends hide in the closet to watch you having consensual sex);
 - Engaging in voyeurism;
 - Knowingly transmitting an STI or HIV to another student.

Intimate Partner Violence/Domestic Violence

- Any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse.
- Any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a person in a dating relationship or cohabitating.
- •Red flags may include: Wanting you all to themself; insisting that you stop spending time with your friends, or family; excessive jealousy, or not honoring your boundaries.

Cycle of Abuse

Tensions Building

Tensions increase, breakdown of communication, victim becomes fearful and feels the need to placate the abuser

Calm

Verbal, emotional & physical abuse.
Anger, blaming, arguing.
Threats. Intimidation.

Reconciliation

Abuser apologizes, gives excuses, blames the victim, denies the abuse occured, or says that it wasn't as bad as the victim claims

Incident is "forgotten",

no abuse is taking place.

The "honeymoon" phase

VIOLENCE

OHYSICAL • Maki

and Threats Making and/or carrying out threats to do something to hurt her

 Threatening to leave her, to commit suicide, to report her to welfare
 Making her drop

charges
• Making her do
illegal things

Using Coercion

Using Economic Abuse

- Preventing her from keeping or getting a job
- · Making her ask for money
- · Giving her an allowance
- Taking her money
- Not letting her know about or have access to family income

Power& Control

Using Male Priviledge

- Treating her like a servant
- Making all the big decisions
- Acting like the "master of the castle"
- Being the one to define men's and women's roles

Using Children

- Making her feel guilty about the children
 Using the children to relay messages
- Using visitation to harass her

• Threatening to take the children away

Using Intimidation

- Making her afraid by using looks, actions, gestures
- Destroying her property
- Abusing Pets
- · Displaying weapons

EXUA

- Using Emotional
- Abuse

 Putting her down
- Making her feel bad about herself
- Calling her names
 Making her think she's crazy
 - Playing mind games
 - Humiliating her
 - · Making her feel guilty

Using Isolation

- Controlling what she does, who she sees and talks to, what she reads, where she goes
 - Limiting her outside involvement
 - Using jealousy to justify actions

Minimzing, Denying and Blaming

- Making light of the abuse and not taking her concerns about it seriously
 Saying the abuse didn't happen
- Shifting responsibility for abusive behavior
- Saying she caused it

SEI

VIOLENCE



 Repeatedly contacting another person when the contacting person knows or should know that the contact is unwanted by the other person.



REASONS FOR SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

Power and Control

- Physical
- Mental
- Emotional
- Financial
- Cultural



AFFIRMATIVE CONSENT / ENTHUSIASTIC CONSENT

Consent must be given by all parties engaged in sexual activities:

- Active, clear, voluntary agreement.
- Saying no, Saying yes.
- Absence of no is not consent.



CONSENT

https://youtu.be/fGoWL WS4-kU



Can You Keep A Secret?



MANDATED REPORTING

Employees: All faculty and staff at TRCC are mandated reporters

Student Workers: Student workers are not

Campus Security: Campus Security are mandated reporters

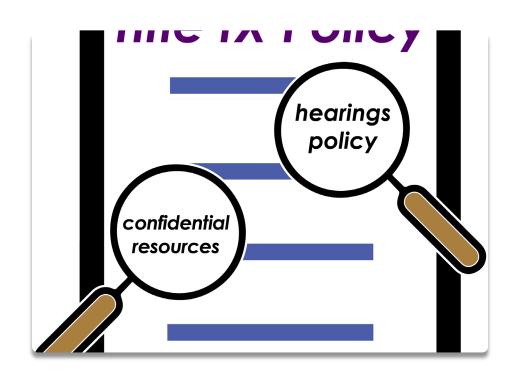
Exceptions: Confidential resources are limited to entities with statutory privilege, such as off campus counseling, on campus counseling where available, and psychological services, health services providers, member(s) of the clergy, and the local Sexual Assault Crisis Center and Domestic Violence Center. The personnel of these centers and agencies are bound by state statutes and professional ethics from disclosing information about reports without written releases.

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION

https://youtu.be/shuuTOMCKZ8



TITLE IX INCIDENT PROCESS



- Complainant (survivor/victim) vs Respondent (accused/offender). Our process is not a criminal process, so we don't use words like perpetrator, guilty, innocent, etc.
- Title IX Office.
- ► Reporting/In Take Form.
- You can decide to just report on campus, just report to the police, or both.

SUPPORT SERVICES

On-Campus

- Advising and counseling
- Class adjustments
- Course work
- Campus security



Off-Campus

- Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern CT
- Safe Futures
- Law Enforcement –
 State and local police/State's
 Atty/Probation
- Medical Services Backus Hospital
- Reliance Health











GET INVOLVED

- * Events on campus
- * Meetings on campus
- * Trainings off campus
- Volunteer opportunities

WHAT IS TITLE IX? No sex discrimination. No sexual assault. Period.



TimelyCare

Students now have free and immediate access to medical and mental health support through TimelyMD, the leading telehealth company specializing in higher education. Students can access it at timelycare.com/ctstate.



TOP QUALITY VIRTUAL CARE ANYTIME, ANYWHERE.









OR LEARN MORE AT timelycare.com/ctstate

Online Education



Online education and training models from Vector Solutions-links sent to you 9/19—you must complete these before November 4.



You will continue to get reminders until you complete these.



Three gift cards will be randomly awarded!!!

TITLE IX Rapid Review

Title IX a landmark federal civil right that prohibits sex discrimination in education.

Title IX does not apply to female students **only**.

Schools must be proactive in ensuring that your campus is free of sex discrimination.

School must have an established procedure for handling complaints of sex discrimination, sexual harassment or sexual violence.

Schools **must** take immediate action to ensure a complainant – victim can continue his or her education free of ongoing sex discrimination, sexual harassment or sexual violence.

Schools may not retaliate against someone filing a complaint and must keep a complainant – victim safe from other retaliatory harassment or behavior.

Schools can issue a no contact directive under Title IX to prevent the accused student from approaching or interacting with you.

In cases of sexual violence, schools are prohibited from encouraging or allowing mediation (rather than a formal hearing) of the complaint.

Schools cannot discourage you from continuing your education.



WE BELIEVE YNII



QUESTIONS, COMMENTS, CONCERNS?

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION!!!