# Human Anatomy and Physiology I / BIO K211

Instructor: Nicola Ricker, Office #C270

Office Hours: Mondays & Wednesdays: 9:30am-10:50am, Tuesdays & Thursdays: 2:30-3:30pm, Fridays:

11am-12pm. Other hours as needed.

Contact Info: email: Nricker@trcc.commnet.edu (best way to contact me)

Office phone: 860-215-9474

Required Text(s): (1) Fundamentals of Anatomy and Physiology, Frederic H. Martini, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, Prentice

Hall Publisher.

(2) Human Anatomy & Physiology I Laboratory Exercises Manual

# Other required materials:

Dissecting kit, Non-latex disposable gloves, Lab coat (Landau 3178, recommended model) & Safety goggles.

# **Description of Course:**

Catalogue Description: A comprehensive study of the gross anatomical structure and physiology of the human body pertaining to cells, tissues, membranes and the following systems: Integumentary, Skeletal (Articular), Muscular and Nervous. Prerequisite: English 101 and successful completion of Bio 121 and Chemistry 111 or Chemistry 121 with a "C" grade or higher. This is a two semester course, in order to receive knowledge of all of the body's systems the student is obligated to complete both semesters of Human Anatomy & Physiology.

# **General Course Objectives:**

To aid the student in developing an understanding of the life processes.

To aid the student in developing an understanding of the normal structures and functions of the human body. To provide a useful body of knowledge for biology, nursing, and allied health students.

# Class Attendance Policy:

Attendance is expected for all lecture and laboratory sections. Absences are counted from the first meeting of class. More than four consecutive or more than six accumulative absences could result in student receiving an "F" grade in this course. An explanation of the cause of all absences should be given to your instructor.

#### **Academic and Classroom Misconduct:**

The instructor has primary responsibility for control over classroom and/or laboratory behavior and maintenance of academic integrity, and can request the temporary removal or exclusion from the classroom or laboratory of any student engaged in conduct that violated the general rules and regulations of the institution, or any student engaged in conduct deemed hazardous in the laboratory. Extended or permanent

exclusion from lecture or laboratory activities or further disciplinary action can only be effected through appropriate procedures of the institution.

Plagiarism, cheating on quizzes or tests, or any form of academic dishonesty is strictly prohibited. Students guilty of academic dishonesty directly or indirectly will receive a zero for the quiz/test/practical and may receive a "F" grade for the course in addition to other possible disciplinary sanctions with may be imposed through the regular institutional procedures. Any student that believes that he or she has been erroneously accused may appeal the case through the appropriated institutional procedure if their grade was affected.

#### **Procedure for Dropping the Course:**

Any student who finds it necessary to discontinue this course MUST complete a withdrawal form in the Registrar's Office at the time of the withdrawal. If you cannot withdraw in person, you may call the Registrar's Office and provide them with the appropriate information. Verbal withdrawals made to the instructor are not acceptable. Students may withdraw from the course at any time up to the course withdrawal deadline, which is December 9<sup>th</sup>, 2016. Students who do not withdraw, but stop attending class will be assigned an "F" grade for the course. **Once you withdraw from class you are no longer eligible to take any remaining quizzes or tests.** 

# **Tests and Quizzes:**

There will be 11 scheduled quizzes, all quizzes are given during the first ten minutes of class. (No make-ups for missed quizzes due to tardiness or absence). Three unit tests, four lab practicals and a <u>comprehensive/cumulative</u> final exam will also be given. Unit tests are scheduled in advance and will be reviewed before the final exam is given.

# **Grade Determination:**

Your semester grade is based out of 800 points.  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the semester's points (400) come from lecture quizzes & tests,  $\frac{1}{2}$  (200) come from lab,  $\frac{1}{2}$  (200) come from the comprehensive final exam.

# **Point Distribution**

| Item                                                | Possible Point total |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 11 weekly chapter quizzes each worth 10 points (the | 90 points            |
| 2 lowest will be dropped)                           |                      |
| Pre-test score                                      | 10 points            |
| 3 Unit Tests (100 points each)                      | 300 points           |
| 4 laboratory practical's (50 points each)           | 200 points           |
| Cumulative Final                                    | 200 points           |
| Semester total                                      | 800 points           |

To calculate your grade you divide the number of points you have earned from the total available points up to that point. For example, you have had 6 quizzes, the pretest and 1 unit test. Your scores are: 8, 7, 6, 8, 7, 8, 8 for quizzes, 10 on the pretest, and 10 on test 1. Your total point accumulation is 140. The total available is 170. You divide your 140 by the 170 which is an 82. If you drop the 10 lowest quizzes, you would have 120 points out of 150 (127/150 = 10).

#### **Grade Scale:**

```
94.00 or higher = A

90 - 93 = A-

87 - 89 = B+

84 - 86 = B

80 - 83 = B-

74 - 76 = C

70 - 73 = C-

67 - 69 = D+

64 - 66 = D

60 - 63 = D-

59 or lower = F
```

There will be NO grading on the normal distribution curve (i.e. No grading on a curve)

### Make-up Policy:

Lab work may be made up during free time within a week of the missed laboratory, *if the lab is available*. Quizzes cannot be made up for any reason and they will not be given early/late. Unit tests can be made up, but they will made-up **ONLY** at the discretion of the instructor. Makeup tests will be granted on an individual basis only following a conference with the instructor; where the reason(s) for missing the test must be determined as mitigating circumstances beyond the control of the student such as, illness, death in the family, or change in condition of employment. All make-up tests will be scheduled at the **convenience of the instructor** (typically office hours) and *must be made up within 48 hours of the original test date and time*. Only one (1) Unit Test make-up will be allowed.

#### Revisions to the Syllabus:

Students are responsible for learning all of the objectives and all of the items in the course outline whether they are discussed in lecture and/or laboratory or not. The instructor reserves the right to revise the objectives, topical outline, or academic schedule contained in this syllabus without notice. However, if the revisions affects scheduled unit test a 48 hour notice will be given for the new test date.

#### <u>Cellular Phone Policy:</u>

There is no texting, Snapchat, Instagram, Facebook, or etc. allowed during lecture or lab. Under no circumstance are phones to be answered in class. When there are extenuating circumstances that require a student to be available by phone, that student must speak to the instructor prior to class, so that together they can arrive at an agreement.

If a cell phone is out (this includes, but is not limited to: on desk/on lap/on floor/on desk next to you) in class or lab at any time during a quiz/test/practical it will be assumed that the student(s) are cheating and the quiz/test/practical will be handed in with a zero, with no possibility of a make-up and further disciplinary sanctions will be possible.

#### **Digication:**

All students are required to maintain an online learning portfolio in Digication that uses the college template. Through this electronic tool students will have the opportunity to monitor their own growth in college-wide learning. The student will keep his/her learning portfolio and may continue to use the Digication account after graduation. A Three Rivers General Education Assessment Team will select and review random works to improve the college experience for all. Student work reviewed for assessment purposes will not include names and all student work will remain private and anonymous for college improvement purposes. Students will have the ability to integrate learning from the classroom, college, and life in general, which will provide additional learning opportunities. If desired, students will have the option to create multiple portfolios.

# <u>Course Learning Outcomes (Objectives): Human Anatomy and Physiology I</u>

- 1. The student will develop "critical thinking skills" and will be able to draw sound scientific conclusions through the analysis if scientific data.
- 2. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the organization of the body on the cellular, tissue and organ-system levels.
- 3. The student will demonstrate knowledge of body positions and planes of reference.
- 4. The student will be able to identify the principle elements that make up the body, give their chemical symbols, and summarize the biological role of each.
- 5. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the atomic structure and is relationship to the interaction of atoms to form molecules.
- 6. The student will demonstrate knowledge of ionic, covalent and hydrogen bonding and give examples of each.
- 7. The student will be able to describe the types of inorganic compounds found in the body and explain their biological role.
- 8. The student will be able to define pH and be able to identify any given pH as acid, alkaline or neutral; describe how pH changes are minimized by buffers.
- 9. The student will be able to discuss the major classes of organic molecules found in the human body and explain their biological role.
- 10. The student will be able to demonstrate knowledge of the cell, its organelles and their functions
- 11. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the various mechanisms of passive and active transport relative to the plasma membrane.
- 12. The student will demonstrate knowledge of somatic cell division (mitosis) and reproductive cell division (meiosis).
- 13. The student will be able to summarize the chemical make-up of enzymes and describe enzymatic action, as well as give the principle properties of enzymes.

- 14. The student will be able to define metabolism and give examples of various forms of metabolic processes.
- 15. The student will be able to demonstrate knowledge of chemical energy and the cellular respiratory process.
- 16. The student will demonstrate knowledge of protein synthesis.
- 17. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the types of tissues, membranes, and their functions.
- 18. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the organization of the integumentary system and its various functions.
- 19. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the relationship of the integumentary system to homeostasis.
- 20. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the development of bone tissue.
- 21. The student will demonstrate knowledge of bone tissue structurally and functionally.
- 22. The student will be able to identify the bones of the body and their prominent markings.
- 23. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the articulations of the body and explain their structural differences and their functions.
- 24. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the different types of muscle tissues, give their anatomical location and primary functions.
- 25. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the neuroelectrical chemical factors of muscle contraction.
- 26. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the mechanisms for supplying energy in muscle contraction.
- 27. The student will demonstrate knowledge of the types of muscle contraction.
- 28. The student will be able to name, give the attachments and action of the major groups of skeletal muscles.
- 29. The student will be able to explain the general function of the nervous system.
- 30. The student will be able to list the divisions of the nervous system and the composition of each division.
- 31. The student will be able to describe the general structure and function of a neuron.
- 32. The student will be able to explain how neurons are classified.
- 33. The student will be able to name the different types of neurological cells and describe their functions.
- 34. The student will be able to explain how an injured nerve fiber may regenerate.
- 35. The student will be able to explain the events that lead to the conduction of a nerve impulse.
- 36. The student will be able to explain the electrochemical changes associated with impulse transmission.
- 37. The student will be able to explain the electrochemical changes associated with synaptic transmission.
- 38. The student will be able to name the parts of a reflex arc and describe the function of each part.

- 39. The student will be able to name the different types of reflex arcs.
- 40. The student will be able to describe the coverings of the brain and spinal cord.
- 41. The student will be able to describe the vascular/cerebrospinal fluid system of the central nervous system.
- 42. The student will be able to describe and explain the structure, organization and function of the spinal cord.
- 43. The student will be able to describe and explain the structure, organization and function of the brain.
- 44. The student will be able to give the location and function of the spinal nerves.
- 45. The student will be able to give the location and function of the cranial nerves.
- 46. The student will be able to describe the structure, organization and function of the autonomic nervous system.
- 47. The student will be able to describe and explain the structure and function of the specialized sensory receptors.
- 48. The student will be able to give the location of the olfactory organs and explain their primary functions.
- 49. The student will be able to describe the structure and function of the tongue.
- 50. The student will be able to describe the structure and function of the ear.
- 51. The student will be able to describe the structure and function of the eye.

# UNIT I

| 1  | ın | ١t | rr | 'n   | 11 | ct  | ٠. | $\sim$ | n |
|----|----|----|----|------|----|-----|----|--------|---|
| 1. |    |    | ı  | ,,,, | u  | ι.ι |    | .,     |   |

- A) Characteristics of Life
  - 1) Organization
  - 2) Irritability
  - 3) Adaptability
  - 4) Movement
  - 5) Growth
  - 6) Metabolism
  - 7) Reproduction
- B) Anatomy and Physiology Defined
  - 1) Subdivisions of anatomy and physiology
- C) Terms of Location and Anatomical Position
  - 2) Superior/Inferior
  - 3) Anterior/Posterior
  - 4) Ventral/Dorsal
  - 5) Cranial/Caudal
  - 6) Proximal/Distal
  - 7) Internal/External
  - 8) Peripheral/Deep
  - 9) Medial
  - 10) Lateral
  - 11) Central
  - 12) Parietal
  - 13) Visceral
- D) Fundamental Planes
  - 1) Coronal or Frontal
  - 2) Transverse or Horizontal

- 3) Sagittal4) Medial5) Lateral
- E) Cavities
  - 1) Ceolom
  - 2) Thoracic
    - 1) pericardial
    - 2) pleural
    - 3) Abdominal
    - 4) Pelvic
    - 5) Orbital
    - 6) Nasal
    - 7) Buccal
- F) Organization of the body
  - 1) Cells
  - 2) Tissues
  - 3) Organs
  - 4) Systems
    - a) integumentary
    - b) skeletal
    - c) muscular
    - d) nervous
    - e) endocrine
    - f) circulatory
    - g) respiratory
    - h) digestive
    - i) excretory
    - j) reproductive
- 2. Chemistry of Life
  - A) matter and elements
  - B) how elements differ

| C)     | structure of matter                    |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
|--------|----------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| D)     | electron arrangement                   |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
| E)     | electron arrangement vs. reactivity    |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
| F)     | chemical bonding                       |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
|        | 1)                                     | ionic bonding        |                       |  |  |  |  |
|        | 2)                                     | covale               | nt bonding            |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | a)                   | polar                 |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | b)                   | non-polar             |  |  |  |  |
|        | 3)                                     | Hydrog               | gent bonding          |  |  |  |  |
| G)     | Elemer                                 | nts of bi            | ological importance   |  |  |  |  |
| H)     | Inorganic compounds                    |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
| I)     | Organic compounds                      |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
| The ce | II                                     |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
| A)     | The cell theory                        |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
| B)     | The anatomy and physiology of the cell |                      |                       |  |  |  |  |
|        | 1)                                     | Cytoplasmic membrane |                       |  |  |  |  |
|        | 2)                                     | Cytopla              | asm                   |  |  |  |  |
|        | 3)                                     | Cytopla              | asmic organelles      |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | a)                   | endoplasmic reticulum |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | b)                   | golgi bodies          |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | c)                   | ribosomes             |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | d)                   | centrioles            |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | e)                   | lysosomes             |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | f)                   | vacuoles              |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | g)                   | mitochondria          |  |  |  |  |
|        | 4)                                     | Nucleu               | S                     |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | a)                   | membrane              |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | b)                   | nucleoplasm           |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | c)                   | chromatin             |  |  |  |  |
|        |                                        | d)                   | nucleolus             |  |  |  |  |
|        | 5)                                     | Appen                | dages                 |  |  |  |  |

3.

|    |     |       | a)         | flagella | a .                              |
|----|-----|-------|------------|----------|----------------------------------|
|    |     |       | b)         | cilia    |                                  |
| C) | The | e mo  | ovemen     | t of ma  | terials across the cell membrane |
|    | 1)  |       | Diffusio   | on       |                                  |
|    |     |       | a)         | osmos    | is                               |
|    |     |       | b)         | dialysis | 5                                |
|    |     |       | c)         | facilita | ted diffusion                    |
|    | 2)  |       | Active     | transpo  | ort                              |
|    | 3)  |       | Endocy     | /tosis   |                                  |
|    |     |       | a)         | pinocy   | tosis                            |
|    |     |       | b)         | phago    | cytosis                          |
| D) | The | e ce  | ll's cycle | of gro   | wth (somatic cells)              |
|    | 1)  |       | Growth     | n phase  | 1                                |
|    | 2)  |       | Synthe     | sis pha  | se                               |
|    | 3)  |       | Growth     | n phase  | 2                                |
|    | 4)  |       | Reprod     | duction  | of somatic cells                 |
|    |     |       | a)         | Mitosi   | s – nuclear division             |
|    |     |       |            | 1)       | prophase                         |
|    |     |       |            | 2)       | metaphase                        |
|    |     |       |            | 3)       | anaphase                         |
|    |     |       |            | 4)       | telophase                        |
|    |     |       | b)         | Cytokii  | nesis – cytoplasmic division     |
| E) | Div | /isio | n of rep   | roducti  | ve cells                         |
|    | 1)  | Me    | eiosis     |          |                                  |
|    |     | a)    | reducti    | ion divi | sion                             |
|    |     |       | 1)         | propha   | ase 1                            |
|    |     |       | 2)         | metap    | hase 1                           |
|    |     |       | 3)         | anapha   | ase 1                            |
|    |     |       | 4)         | teloph   | ase 1                            |
|    |     | b)    | equation   | on divis | ion                              |

prophase 2

1)

|    |         |          | 2)                               | metaphase 2                                     |  |  |  |  |
|----|---------|----------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|    |         |          | 3)                               | anaphase 2                                      |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | 4)                               | telophase 2                                     |  |  |  |  |
|    | F)      | Cellula  | r Metal                          | oolism                                          |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 1)       | Anabo                            | lism                                            |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 2)       | Catabo                           | blism                                           |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 3)       | Enzym                            | es                                              |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | a)                               | composition                                     |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | b)                               | action                                          |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 4)       | Cellula                          | r respiration                                   |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | a)                               | glycolysis                                      |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | b)                               | the kreb's cycle                                |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | c)                               | the electron transport system/cytochrome system |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 5)       | Proteir                          | n synthesis                                     |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | a)                               | transcription                                   |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          | b)                               | translation                                     |  |  |  |  |
|    |         |          |                                  |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Histolo |          |                                  |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Specia  | lization | of Cells                         | s (Tissues)                                     |  |  |  |  |
|    | A)      |          | ture and Function of the tissues |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 1)       | Epithelial                       |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 2)       | Connective                       |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 3)       | Muscu                            |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 4)       | Nervo                            | us                                              |  |  |  |  |
|    | B)      | Memb     |                                  |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 1)       | Serous                           |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 2)       | Mucou                            |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    |         | 3)       | Cutane                           |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
| _  |         | 4)       | Synovial                         |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. |         | _        | ntary Sy                         |                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|    | A)      | The sk   | skin and its tissues             |                                                 |  |  |  |  |

|    |        | 1)        | Structure                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|--------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|    |        | 2)        | Function                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | B)     | Appen     | pendages and Glands of the skin               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | C)     | Pigme     | ntation                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |           | <u>UNIT II</u>                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | The Sk | keletal S | System                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | A)     | Types     | of bones cells and their functions            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 1)        | Osteoblasts                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 2)        | Osteoclasts                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 3)        | Osteocytes                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | B)     | The Bo    | ony Matrix                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | C)     | Types     | of Bone Tissue                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 1)        | Compact                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 2)        | Spongy                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | D)     | Memb      | oranes of Bone Tissue                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 1)        | Periosteum                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 2)        | Endosteum                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | E)     | Classif   | ication of Bones                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 1)        | Long                                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 2)        | Short                                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 3)        | Flat                                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 4)        | Irregular                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 5)        | Sesamoid                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | F)     | Forma     | ition and Growth of Bones                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 1)        | Membranous Ossification                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 2)        | Endochondrial Ossification                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 3)        | Factors affecting bone growth and development |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |           | a) vitamins & minerals                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |           | b) hormones                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |           | c) physical exercise                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | 4)        | The anatomy and physiology of fractures       |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| G) | Divisi | ions of th                                | ne Skeletal System and their Bones                                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|--------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|    | 1)     | Axial:                                    | 80 bones                                                                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 2)     | Apper                                     | ndicular: 126 bones                                                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | a)                                        | pectoral girdle                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | b)                                        | pelvic girdle                                                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 3)     | Descri                                    | ptive Terms                                                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | a)                                        | processes: process, condyle, tubercle, tuberosity, trochanter, crest, spine, head |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | b)                                        | cavities and depressions: groove, sinus, atrum, cornal, meatus, foramen, fissure  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |                                           | fovea, fossa                                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| H) | Arthr  | ology: jo                                 | ints of articulation                                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 1)     | Synarthroses (immovable joints)           |                                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | a)                                        | synchrondoses                                                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | b)                                        | sutures                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 2)     | Amph                                      | Amphiarthroses (slightly movable joints)                                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | a)                                        | joints between the vertebrae                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | b)                                        | joints between the pubis and sacroiliac                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 3)     | Synovial-Diathrososes (free moving joints |                                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | a)                                        | ball and socket                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | b)                                        | hinge                                                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | c)                                        | pivot                                                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | d)                                        | condyloid                                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | e)                                        | gliding                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | f)                                        | saddle                                                                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 4)     | Move                                      | ments permitted by Diarthroses (synovial joints)                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | a)                                        | angular movements: flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, elevation,           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |                                           | depression                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | b)                                        | circumduction                                                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | c)                                        | rotation                                                                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        | d)                                        | Special movements:                                                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |                                           | 1) supination                                                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |        |                                           | 2) propation                                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|    |       |         |          | 3)       | inversion                         |  |  |
|----|-------|---------|----------|----------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|    |       |         |          | 4)       | eversion                          |  |  |
|    |       |         |          | 5)       | protration                        |  |  |
|    |       |         |          | 6)       | retraction                        |  |  |
|    |       | 5)      | Practio  | cal Tern | ns Related to the Skeletal System |  |  |
|    |       |         | a)       | sprain   |                                   |  |  |
|    |       |         | b)       | disloc   | ation                             |  |  |
|    |       |         | c)       | bursit   | is                                |  |  |
|    |       |         | d)       | arthri   | tis                               |  |  |
|    |       |         | e)       | osteo    | myelitis                          |  |  |
|    |       |         | f)       | kypho    | sis                               |  |  |
|    |       |         | g)       | lordos   | sis                               |  |  |
|    |       |         | h)       | scolio   | sis                               |  |  |
| 2. | The M | uscular | r System |          |                                   |  |  |
|    | A)    | Types,  | locatio  | n and f  | unction of muscle tissue          |  |  |
|    |       | 1)      | smoot    | :h musc  | le                                |  |  |
|    |       | 2)      | cardia   | c muscl  | e                                 |  |  |
|    |       | 3)      | striate  | d or sk  | eletal muscle                     |  |  |
|    | B)    | Contra  | action o | f muscl  | e tissue                          |  |  |
|    |       | 1)      | Condit   | tions of | contraction                       |  |  |
|    |       |         | a)       | stimul   | İ                                 |  |  |
|    |       |         | b)       | respo    | nse to stimuli                    |  |  |
|    |       |         | c)       | chemi    | cal changes                       |  |  |
|    |       | 2)      | Types    | of cont  | raction                           |  |  |
|    |       | 3)      | The pl   | nysiolog | gy of skeletal muscle contraction |  |  |
|    | C)    | Skelet  | al musc  | les      |                                   |  |  |
|    |       | 1)      | Namir    | ng       |                                   |  |  |
|    |       |         | a)       | direct   | ions of fibers                    |  |  |
|    |       |         | b)       | location | on                                |  |  |
|    |       |         | c)       | size     |                                   |  |  |
|    |       |         | d)       | numb     | er of origins                     |  |  |

- e) shape
- f) origin and insertion (attachments)
- g) action
- 2) Grouping
  - a) prime mover antagoist
  - b) prime mover synergist
- D) Skeletal Muscles and Their Bony Levers
  - 1) The principle action of skeletal muscles
    - a) flexor
    - b) extensor
    - c) abductor
    - d) adductor
    - e) levator
    - f) depressor
    - g) supinator
    - h) pronator
    - i) sphincter
    - j) tensor
    - k) rotator

# **UNIT III**

- 1. The Nervous System
  - A) The function of the Nervous System
  - B) The organs of the Nervous System
    - 1) Brain
    - 2) Spinal cord
    - 3) Membranes
    - 4) Nerve cords
    - 5) Ganglion
    - 6) Nerve nucleus

|    |       | Cells and Tissues of the Nervous System |                                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|-------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1) | Supp  | Supportive tissues and their function   |                                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | a)    | neur                                    | roglia cells                            |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 1)                                      | astrocytes                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 2)                                      | oligodendrocytes                        |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 3)                                      | microglia cells                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 4)                                      | ependyma                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2) | The I | The Neuron                              |                                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | a)    | anat                                    | omy                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 1)                                      | nerve cell body                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 2)                                      | nissl bodies (chromtophilic substances) |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 3)                                      | dendrites                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 4)                                      | axons                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 5)                                      | axoplasm                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 6)                                      | axolemma                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 7)                                      | neurolemmacytes (Schwann cells)         |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | b)    | func                                    | tion of neurons                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | c)    | type                                    | s of neurons                            |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 1)                                      | unipolar                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 2)                                      | bipolar                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 3)                                      | multiopolar                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 4)                                      | sensory                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 5)                                      | association – connection-interneuron    |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 6)                                      | motor                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3) | Nerv  | e Impul                                 | lse transmission                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4) | The S | Synapse                                 | e and Impulse Transmission              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5) | Nerv  | e Reger                                 | neration                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6) | The I | Functio                                 | n (behavior) Unit of the Nervous System |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | a)    | The                                     | relex arc                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 1)                                      | composition                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |       | 2)                                      | types                                   |  |  |  |  |  |

| 2. | The Divisions of the Nervous system |                            |                 |                      |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|----|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
|    | A)                                  | The Central Nervous System |                 |                      |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     | 1)                         | Membi           | ranes                |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     | 2)                         | The spinal cord |                      |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            | a)              | structu              | re              |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            | b)              | functio              | ns              |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            | c)              | pathwa               | ays             |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 | 1)                   | asc             | ending tracts                        |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | a)              | fasciculus gracilis                  |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | b)              | fasciculus cuneatus                  |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | c)              | spinothalamic (lateral and anterior) |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 | 2)                   | des             | cending tracts                       |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | a)              | corticospinal                        |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | b)              | reticulospinal                       |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | c)              | rubrospinal tracts                   |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            | d)              | spinal cord injuries |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 | 1)                   | 1) spinal shock |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 | 2)                   | par             | alysis                               |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | a)              | flaccid paralysis                    |  |  |  |
|    |                                     |                            |                 |                      | b)              | spastic paralysis                    |  |  |  |
| 2. | The Bra                             | ain                        |                 |                      |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    | a)                                  | structu                    | ral mak         | e-up                 |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    | b)                                  | lobes                      |                 |                      |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    | c)                                  | organiz                    | ation           |                      |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     | 1)                         | cerebru         | um                   |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     | 2)                         | ventric         | les                  |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     | 3)                         | thalam          | us                   |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     | 4)                         | hypoth          | alamus               |                 |                                      |  |  |  |
|    |                                     | 5)                         | limbic s        | system               |                 |                                      |  |  |  |

6)

pineal gland

|        | 7)        | pons                     |          |                               |  |  |  |  |
|--------|-----------|--------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|        | 8)        | medull                   | a oblon  | gata                          |  |  |  |  |
|        | 9)        | cerebe                   | llum     |                               |  |  |  |  |
| d)     | functio   | ns                       | ns       |                               |  |  |  |  |
| B.     | The Pe    | riphera                  | l Nervo  | us System                     |  |  |  |  |
|        | 1)        | The cranial nerves       |          |                               |  |  |  |  |
|        |           | a)                       | locatio  | n                             |  |  |  |  |
|        |           | b)                       | functio  | n                             |  |  |  |  |
|        | 2)        | The sp                   | inal ner | ves                           |  |  |  |  |
|        |           | a)                       | locatio  | n                             |  |  |  |  |
|        |           | b)                       | functio  | on                            |  |  |  |  |
| C.     | The Au    | Autonomic Nervous System |          |                               |  |  |  |  |
|        | 1)        | Sympa                    | thetic d | ivision                       |  |  |  |  |
|        | 2)        | Parasympathetic division |          |                               |  |  |  |  |
|        | 3)        | Autono                   | omic tra | nsmitters                     |  |  |  |  |
| D)     | Clinica   | l terms                  | related  | to the Nervous System         |  |  |  |  |
| Somati | ic and S  | nocial S                 | oncoc    |                               |  |  |  |  |
|        | ic and S  | -                        | enses    |                               |  |  |  |  |
| A)     | Recept 1) | Types                    |          |                               |  |  |  |  |
|        | 1)        | a)                       | mecha    | nical                         |  |  |  |  |
|        |           | ,                        | 1)       | free-nerve (dendritic) ending |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |                          | 2)       | meissner's corpuscles         |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |                          | 3)       | merkel's disks                |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |                          | 4)       | pacinian corpuscles           |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |                          | 5)       | hair cells                    |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |                          | 6)       | barorecptors                  |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |                          | ,<br>7)  | proprioceptors                |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |                          | 8)       | root hair plexuses            |  |  |  |  |

9)

10)

muscle spindles

golgi tendon organs

C.

3.

|     |         | 11)                 | krause end bulbs             |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|     |         | 12)                 | ruffini's corpuscles         |  |  |  |  |
|     | b)      | photore             | eceptors                     |  |  |  |  |
|     |         | 1)                  | rods                         |  |  |  |  |
|     |         | 2)                  | cones                        |  |  |  |  |
|     | c)      | chem                | oreceptors                   |  |  |  |  |
|     |         | 1)                  | olfactory cells              |  |  |  |  |
|     |         | 2)                  | taste buds (gustatory hairs) |  |  |  |  |
|     |         | 3)                  | aortic bodies                |  |  |  |  |
|     |         | 4)                  | carotid bodies               |  |  |  |  |
|     | d)      | therr               | moreceptors                  |  |  |  |  |
|     | e)      | nocio               | eptors                       |  |  |  |  |
| 2)  | Funct   | ions                |                              |  |  |  |  |
| The | Sense c | of smell            |                              |  |  |  |  |
| 1)  | Olfa    | ctory ce            | lls and their function       |  |  |  |  |
| The | Sense c | of Taste            |                              |  |  |  |  |
| 1)  | Tast    | e Buds a            | nd their function            |  |  |  |  |
| The | Ear     |                     |                              |  |  |  |  |
| 1)  | stru    | ctural m            | akeup                        |  |  |  |  |
| 2)  | phys    | siology o           | f hearing                    |  |  |  |  |
| 3)  | equi    | librium             |                              |  |  |  |  |
|     | a)      | statio              |                              |  |  |  |  |
|     | b)      | dyna                | mic                          |  |  |  |  |
| The | Eye     |                     |                              |  |  |  |  |
| 1)  | stru    | ctural m            | akeup                        |  |  |  |  |
| 2)  | phys    | physiology of sight |                              |  |  |  |  |
| 3)  | com     | common disorders    |                              |  |  |  |  |

B)

C)

D)

E)

# Fall 2016 A&P I Schedule

# \*ALL DATES ARE OPEN TO REVISION AS NEEDED\*

| Week   | Date                                   | Lecture Portion                                                                                   | Laboratory Portion                                                                            |
|--------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Week 1 | 8/29 – 9/2                             | M/T: Pretest  W/R: Syllabus & Chapter 1 An Introduction to Anatomy and Physiology                 | Safety Rules & Procedure Agreement  Lab exercises: Anatomical Terminology & Microscope Review |
| Week 2 | 9/5 -9/9  No classes on Labor  Day 9/5 | Chapter 4 The Tissue Level of Organization W/R Quiz #1                                            | Lab Exercise: Diffusion & Osmosis                                                             |
| Week 3 | 9/12- 9/16                             | Chapter 4 The Tissue Level of Organization Chapter 5 The Integumentary System W/R Quiz #2         | Lab Exercise: Gross anatomy of a Typical cell, & Mitosis Review Cell Types & Tissue Histology |
| Week 4 | 9/19 - 9/23                            | Chapter 5 The Integumentary System Chapter 6 Osseous Tissue and Bone Structure W/R Quiz #3        | Histology- Prepared Slides                                                                    |
| Week 5 | 9/26 – 9/30                            | M/T Test #1 (chapters 1, 4, 5, 6,) Chapter 7 & 8 The Axial Skeleton & Appendicular Skeleton (W/R) | Histology- Prepared Slides                                                                    |

| Week 6 Week 7 | 10/3 - 10/7  10/10 - 10/14  10/12 is Columbus Day, class is in | M/T Quiz #4 Chapter 7 & 8 The Axial Skeleton & Appendicular Skeleton Chapter 9 Articulations  M/T Quiz #5 Chapter 9 Articulations  Chapter 10 Muscle Tissue | Practical #1  Lab Exercise The Human Skull  The Bones and Markings of the Human Body |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Week 8        | session<br>10/17 – 10/21                                       | M/T Quiz #6 Chapter 10 Muscle Tissue                                                                                                                        | The Bones and Markings of the Human Body                                             |
| Week 9        | 10/24 – 10/28                                                  | M/T Quiz #7 Chapter 10 Muscle Tissue Chapter 11 The Muscular System                                                                                         | Lab practical #2: Skeletal System Start Cat Dissection: Skinning. (Yes, Skinning)    |
| Week 10       | 10/31 – 11/4                                                   | M/T Quiz #8 Chapter 11 The Muscular System Intro. To Nervous System and Neural Tissue                                                                       | Superficial & Deep Muscles of Cat                                                    |
| Week 11       | 11/7 – 11/11                                                   | M/T Test #2 (chapters 7-12)  Nervous System and Neural Tissue                                                                                               | Superficial & Deep Muscles of Cat continued                                          |
| Week 12       | 11/14 – 11/18                                                  | M/T Quiz #9 Central Nervous System                                                                                                                          | Lab practical #3:Cat Muscles                                                         |

| Week 13 | 11/21 – 11/25<br>Lecture Mon. ONLY | No Quizzes this week Central Nervous System Peripheral Nervous System      | NO Labs this week.                                  |
|---------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Week 14 | 11/28 – 12/2                       | M/T Quiz #10 PNS continued                                                 | Brain and Cranial Nerves                            |
| Week 15 | 12/5 – 12/9                        | M/T Quiz #11  The Special Senses                                           | Eyes, Ear & special senses                          |
| Week 16 | 12/12 – 12/16                      | Test #3 (chapters 12-17) M/T Review for Final W/R                          | Practical #4                                        |
| Week 17 | 12/19 & 12/20                      | FINALS WEEK  Monday: 8am-11am  11:10am - 2:10pm  Tuesday: 9:30am - 12:30pm | You can take your final at any of the listed times. |