CONNECTICUT COMMUNITY COLLEGE NURSING PROGRAM (CT-CCNP)

Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Three Rivers Community College

NUR 102: FAMILY HEALTH NURSING

Course Prerequisite

NUR 101: Introduction to Nursing Practice; PSY 111: General Psychology; BIO*235: Microbiology

Course Corequisite

NUR 103: Pharmacology for Families Across the Life Span; PSY 201: Life span Development; SOC 101 Principles of Sociology

Course Components

Credits 8 credits Hours Classroom: 60 hours + Clinical: 180 hours

Course Description

The student will focus on issues affecting the family, including childbearing, childrearing, geriatric care and intermediate health care needs of limited duration. The medical surgical health problems include care for the client in the perioperative period and the client experiencing orthopedic and simple genitourinary conditions. The course addresses several psychiatric disorders: anxiety and cognitive disorders, common child and adolescent psychiatric disorders. The student will have clinical rotations that provide experience caring for the childbearing family as well as caring for medical-surgical clients across the lifespan.

Course Objectives

At the completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply principles of holism in providing nursing care for individuals and/or families from diverse cultures across the lifespan.
- 2. Demonstrate application of the nursing process when providing nursing care to individuals and/or families across the lifespan.
- 3. Administer safe and competent care to individuals and/or families using evidence-based practice, quantitative reasoning, and technological competence.

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- 4. Demonstrate effective communication when interacting with individuals, families, and members of the health care team.
- 5. Implement a basic teaching plan for individuals and/or families with a learning need across the life span.
- 6. Foster a caring environment by demonstrating respect for individuals and/or families across the life span.
- 7. Demonstrate a basic ability to function as a member of the health care team.
- 8. Exhibit accountability and responsibility when providing nursing care to the individual and families across the lifespan.
- 9. Assume responsibility for personal growth and professional role development.

Unit Objectives: refer to class outline

Course Schedule

Lecture: Wednesdays 8:30-10:30AM and 12:30-2:30PM College Laboratory: 8:00 a.m. to 2:30 or 3 p.m. four days as noted on calendar. Two Day Clinical experience as assigned. Please note calendar and Blackboard for specifics of clinical experiences.

Methods of Instruction

This course is team-taught. Teaching modalities include lecture, discussion, simulations, case studies, demonstration, return demonstration, guest speakers, experiential exercises, small group activities, and clinical practice. Computerized programmed instruction and interactive video and simulations are also used. Blackboard Learn and Digication are used as learning management tools. It is advised to direct questions on course content to the professor responsible for that content.

Required Textbooks: (All textbooks are used in subsequent courses)

Ackley, B.J., & Ladwig, G.B. (2010). Nursing Diagnosis Handbook: An Evidence-Based Guide to Planning Care (9th ed.). St. Louis, MI: Saunders/Elsevier. 978-0-323-07150-5

Durham, R, & Chapman, L, Maternal-newborn nursing the critical components of nursing care. Philadelphia: F.A. Davis Company, 20103. 978-0803637047

Hockenberry, M. J., & Wilson, D. (2013). Wong's essentials of pediatric nursing. St. Louis: Sauders/Elselvier

Lehne, R.A. (2012). Pharmacology for Nursing Care (8th ed.). St. Louis, MI: Mosby/Elselvier. 9781437735826

Lewis S. et al. (2011). Medical Surgical Nursing: Assessment and Management of Clinical Problems (8th ed.). St. Louis, MI: Mosby/Elsevier. 978-0-3230-6581-8

Pickar, G.D., & Abernethy, A.B. (2013). Dosage Calculations (9th ed.). Clifton Park, NY: Thomson/Delmar. 9781133707271

Potter, A. and Perry, P. (2013). Clinical Nursing Skills and Techniques (7th ed.). St. Louis, MI: Mosby/Elsevier. 9780323079334

Potter, P & Perry, A. (2013) Fundamentals of Nursing Enhanced Multimedia Edition (8th ed.) St. Louis MI: Mosby/Elsevier. 978-0-323-08867-1

Potter, P & Perry, A. (2011). Virtual Clinical Excursions for Fundamental of Nursing 7th Edition. St. Louis, MI: Mosby/Elsevier.

VanLeeuwen, A.M. & Poelhuis-Leth, D.J. (2011) Davis's Comprehensive Handbook of Laboratory and Diagnostic Tests with Nursing Implications (4th ed.) Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis.5.

Varcarolis, E.M., Carson, V.B., & Shoemaker, M.C. (2013). Foundations of Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing: A Clinical Approach (7ed.). St. Louis, MI: Saunders/Elsevier. 978-1-4160-6667-5

Wilson (2013) Pearson Nurse's Drug Guide (2nd ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson. 9780132964890

Optional Textbooks:

Dillon (2007) Nursing Health Assessment (2nd ed.) Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis.

Nugent and Vitale (2011) Fundamental Test Success (w/CD) (3rd ed.). Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis.

Purnell, L.D., & Paulanka, B.J. (2009). Guide to Culturally Competent Health Care (2rd ed.). Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis.

Tucker. S. (2011). Nutrition and Diet Therapy for Nurses. Upper Saddle, New Jersey: Pearson/Prentice Hall.

Sommers, M.S., & Johnson, S.A. (2011). Diseases and Disorders: A Nursing Therapeutics Manual (4th ed.). Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis.

Wilkinson, J.M. (2007). Nursing Process and Critical Thinking (4th ed.). Upper Saddle, New Jersey: Pearson/Prentice Hall.

Consider:

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Mosby's Dictionary of Medicine, Nursing, and Health Professions, 8th ed, 2009(a new edition will be available in Oct. or Taber Cyclopedic Medical Dictionary (w/DVD) (2009) (21st ed.). Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis.

Interim Director of Nursing and Allied Health:

Edith Ouellet, M.S.N., RN, Associate Professor. Office: D111

Phone & Voicemail: (860) 215-9460 E-mail: eouellet@trcc.commnet.edu

Educational Assistant to the Director: Linda Violette-Buisson Office Phone: (860)

215-9301 E-mail: lviolette-buisson@trcc.commnet.edu

Course Coordinator

Anne Lamondy, M.S.N., R.N, Professor <u>alamondy@trcc.commnet.edu</u> Office: (860) C212 Faculty Offices Phone & Voicemail: 215-9447

Full – Time Faculty

Joan K. Graham, M.S.N., RN, CMSRN, CNE, Associate Professor jgraham@trcc.commnet.edu Office: C222 Faculty Offices Phone & Voicemail: (860) 215- 9431 Coordinator N102

Cynthia Arpin, M.S.N., R.N., Assistant Professor <u>carpin@trcc.commnet.edu</u> Office: C220 Faculty Offices Phone & Voicemail: TBA

Patricia Colonghi, M.S.N.,R.N. Assistant Professor <u>pcolonghi@trcc.commnet.edu</u> Office: C242 Faculty Offices Phone & Voicemail: (860) 215-9477

Part-Time Faculty:

Elizabeth Briglia, M.S.N., R.N., Judy Dollard, M.S.N., R.N., Martha Healy, M.S.,RN, Kathleen Gauthier, M.S. CNM, Teri Cahill-Griffin, M.S.N., R.N.

Nursing Lab Tutors:

Sue Turner, M.S.N., R.N Educational Assistant Office Phone: (860) 215-9482 sturner@trcc.commnet.edu or BB Learn

Laurie Godaire, M.S.N., R.N., C.L.N. lgodaire@trcc.commnet.edu or BB Learn

Kim Kobleski, R.N., B.S.N. kkobleski@trcc.commnet.edu or BB Learn

Faculty / Staff Availability

Students are encouraged to seek clarification with the course coordinator as needed. Students are also encouraged to seek advisement with faculty as needed. Scheduled faculty office hours are posted outside faculty offices. Students may also meet with faculty by appointment. All faculty, staff and peers look forward to your success and practice as a registered nurse. Please utilize your time and ours to develop your abilities to the fullest.

Nursing Program College Facilities

Faculty offices are located within C wing second floor. The College lab is located in the A wing second floor. Computer labs are located within the nursing lab and throughout the campus (library and E wing). The Library is located in the C wing first floor.

Nursing Program Clinical Facilities

William W. Backus Hospital, Norwich CT, Lawrence and Memorial Hospital, New London CT, St Francis Hospital and Medical Center, Hartford CT, Hospital for Special Care, New Britain, CT

Exams

- Test answer sheets will be distributed at 8:20 am, exam booklets at 8:30 am
- Students are required to complete the answer sheet as directed, which includes student name, **accurate Banner ID number** and correct alternate test designation.
- Students will have one hour to complete exams and 2 hours to complete the final exam
- Students may not leave the exam room for any reason and return to the exam
- All books, coats, backpacks, bags, etc. must be left in your car or placed in the front of the exam room. **Cells phones turned** *off.*
- Eating and/or drinking are not permitted during exams
- Students may not wear hats during exams
- For mathematical calculations, the school will provide calculators.
- Wooden #2 lead pencils are to be used, no mechanical pencils
- Anyone who looks at another student's exam or who is seen talking either to himself or herself or to someone else during the exam may receive a zero grade.
- Exam scores will be posted on Bb/Vista no sooner than 48 hours after the exam
- Tardy or absence
 - o It is expected that all students will be present and punctual for exams.
 - In the event that the student will be absent for personal illness, the student must notify the course coordinator prior to 8 a.m. on the morning of the exam.
 - o Planned absences for vacations are not valid reasons for missing an exam

o If warranted, one cumulative makeup exam will be offered at the end of the semester. Make up exams are graded on a raw score basis.

Examination Schedule: All Are Taken in the Multipurpose Room (MPR)

Exams	Date	Weight
Exam 1	2/11/15	15%
Exam 2	3/4/15	15%
Exam 3	4/1/15	15%
Exam 4	4/22/15	15%
Exam 5	5/13/15	15%
Final *	5/18/15 Monday	25%

^{*}In order to take the final exam, you must bring documentation with your signature that you have completed course evaluations to the final exam.

ATI TESTING: will take place following final exam. Rooms TBA.

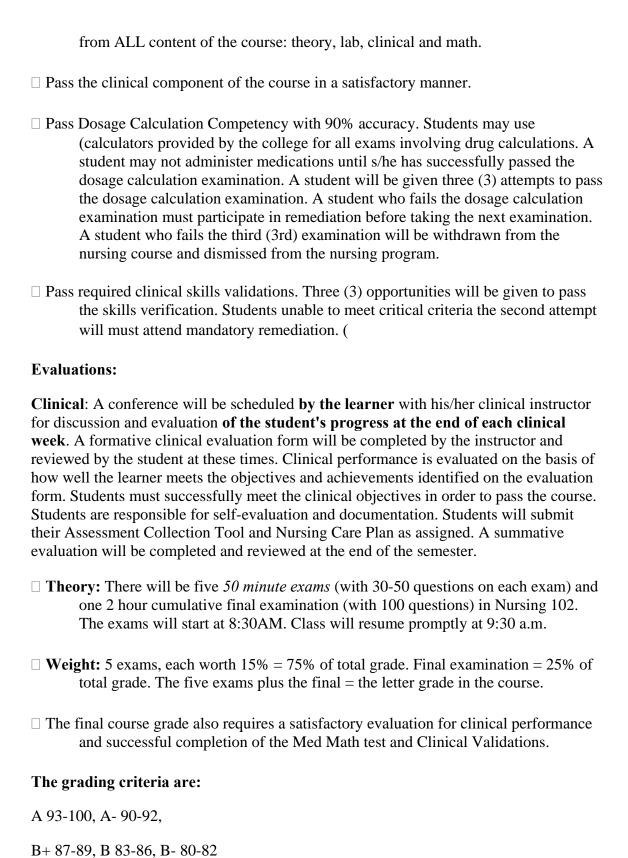
ATI: There are 2 mandatory exams Maternity/newborn and N102 which is cumulative of this semester's med-surg content including psychiatric content. Bonus points may be added to the final exam based upon the students Proficiency Level Achieved on the Custom Assessment of the standardized testing (ATI). Proficiency Level points will be determined by the CT-CCNP Committee prior to the final exam.

		Friday 1/30/15
Med Calculation Exam	A 216/220	Passing ≥ 90%

Grading Policies: To pass Nursing 102 and progress in the nursing program a student must do **ALL** of the following:

☐ Earn at least a 74 average in the theoretical portion of the course. Test items are drawn

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C+77-79, C74-76

D+ 67-69, D 64-66, F 0-65

EVALUATIONS: The student must complete evaluations for the course, faculty, and clinical instructor/s before grades will be released.

Standardized Curricular Testing: Standardized curricular testing using, ATI, atitesting.com is required and attendance is mandatory.

Nursing Program Policy Handbook: The student is responsible for content in the TRCC and Nursing Program Handbooks. Refer to the Nursing Program Policy Handbook for detailed information regarding: ☐ Missed Exams ☐ Clinical Evaluations ☐ College Labs ☐ Attendance ☐ Required Clinical Equipment ☐ Professional Appearance in the Clinical Sites ☐ Return if withdraw ☐ Inability to return under certain circumstances (Attendance Policy (Students are expected to attend each lecture, classroom laboratory and clinical experience. It is the student's responsibility to notify the instructor if absence is necessary and to fulfill objectives of the experience. All clinical absences are to be made up as per the Nursing Program Policy Handbook. (☐ **Test Make-Up Policy:** (If you must be absent from a scheduled test due to illness or other emergency, contact the course coordinator by 8 a.m. on the morning of the test (860-215-9447). Failure to do so may result in a failing grade for that test. Any student taking a make-up examination will have 15 points subtracted from the examination grade unless documentation of extenuating circumstances has been provided and approved. (Students with an approved absence from scheduled tests will be given an alternate form of the examination at a time and date toward the later part of the semester. The make-up is cumulative.

(Statement on Penalty for Academic Dishonesty or Plagiarism: Plagiarism is the unacknowledged use of another person's words or ideas in your writing.

Whether conscious or not, plagiarism is a serious offense. Evidence that you did not write material that you submit under your name can result in failure for the entire course. Refer to the 2013-2014 College Catalog for policy. Students are expected to: "Demonstrate academic integrity by not engaging in conduct that has as its intent or effect the false representation of a student's academic performance, including but not limited to: (a) cheating on an examination; (b) collaborating with others in work to be presented, contrary to the stated rules of the course; (c) plagiarizing, including the submission of others' ideas or papers (whether purchased, borrowed or otherwise obtained) as one's own; (d) stealing or having unauthorized access to examination or course materials; (e) falsifying records or laboratory or other data; (f) submitting, if contrary to the rules of a course, work previously presented in another course; and (g) knowingly assisting another student in any of the above, including an arrangement whereby any work, classroom performance, examination, or other activity is submitted or performed by a person other than the student under whose name the work is submitted or performed." Consequences are delineated in the College Catalog. (Additional **Expected Activity Requirements:**(Students are expected to participate in class discussions, role-play, simulations, material review and lab practice. Participation enhances the learning experience and allows students and instructors the opportunity to learn from each other. Students will be expected to submit work (Select Sim Chart CLEW(s), Reflection(s), Process Recording, Geriatric nursing Assignment) to *Digication*.

Study Groups

Students are encouraged to form study groups which can meet in the lab or at the groups' mutual location choice. Tutors within the nursing lab are available also during posted hours of the Nursing Laboratory. Students are encouraged to be proactive in their learning and seek help independently. Referrals may be made by faculty for lab and theory improvement. The Nursing Lab and Nursing Tutors are in place to promote success and retention. Students are encouraged to utilize these independent opportunities weekly. Practice materials are within your N102 Course Shell on Blackboard Learn, Text book Web Sites and CDs / DVDs, material within the nursing laboratory and library. Sample exam questions can be found within these materials. Some students have recommended the following book for practice with first semester Nursing Exam Questions. It is available to use in our nursing laboratory.

• Nugent, P. A., & Vitale, B. A. (2008). *Test Success, Test-Taking Techniques for Beginning Nursing Students* (5th ed.). Philadelphia: F.A. Davis.

Classroom Behavior

Demeanor is a vital part of participation. Students should behave appropriately at all times and are asked to practice common courtesy, recognizing each person's right to learn in an atmosphere conducive to the learning experience. Students who violate the rules of courtesy and/or professional demeanor will be asked to leave. Students are required to attend all class meetings. Tardiness and early leaves as well as absences have a direct impact on student learning.

GERIATRIC NURSING PRESENTATIONS

Each clinical group will deliver a presentation that covers a portion of the geriatric nursing care content, using real case scenarios from your medical/surgical nursing experiences. Each clinical group will receive a topic (TBD), and each presentation will be a maximum of 20-30 minutes. The presentations will take place in class on 3/11/15 & 3/25/15. Each student will have the opportunity to earn 2 points on their geriatric exam (4/1/15-no fooling!) pending participation in the group activity.

Please refer to the syllabus and curriculum objectives. We will focus on topics such as ageism, functional assessments/ability, normal physiologic changes in aging, theories of aging (continuity, disengagement, and activity theory), psychosocial changes, polypharmacy, caregiver role-strain, and cognitive changes in aging. During weekly clinical assignments you apply this knowledge each time you provide nursing care to the older adult and their family.

LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

Many of the classes require learning activities to be completed prior to attending class. It is expected that the required work be completed so students can fully participate in each class.

DIGICATION:

All students are required to maintain a learning portfolio in Digication that uses the school template.

1.) **During your last week of clinical**, prepare a summative reflection (using the same reflective tool you use each week). Address each core value in regards to the entire semester experience. Reflect on the entire clinical semester

*Once you have completed this work send your clinical instructor an invitation to your Digication account.

WITHDRAWAL POLICY: Students may withdraw, in writing, at the Registrar's Office for any reason. Refer to the Nursing and College Student Handbooks and College

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Catalog. Students who receive an overall unsatisfactory clinical grade at any time in the rotation will fail this course and receive a grade of F. Students who receive a clinical grade of Fail should consult the Student Handbook for CTCCNP policies. This course does not offer midterm theoretical warning grades. Students with concerns about their course average are encouraged to contact the course coordinator.

DISABILITIES STATEMENT: If you have a hidden or visible disability which may require classroom or test-taking modifications please see the course leader as soon as possible. If you have not already done so, please be sure to register with Chris Scarborough if you have a learning disability, ADD or ADHD, or Student Services for other physical disabilities. Please see the Three Rivers Community College Catalog for additional policies and information.

CLINICAL CANCELLATION DUE TO INCLEMENT WEATHER: When the college is closed for reasons of inclement weather, clinical experiences will also be canceled. When the college delays opening, clinical experiences will also have a later start time.. However, students should use discretion in traveling in poor weather conditions. If you are unable to report to scheduled clinical experiences, be sure to notify your clinical instructor and the appropriate nursing unit. Preplanning and communication with your clinical instructor and course leader is important. (The College Student Handbook and Catalog lists radio stations announcing cancellations.) There also will be a notice of delays or cancellation on a recording at 860 215-9000, posted on the Three Rivers Web Page: www.trcc.commnet.edu, Blackboard Learn. It is strongly encouraged you sign up for Early Alert (notification via email or text).

Last revised date: 1/2015

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WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
4 hours 1/28/15	Unit I: Nursing care of the childbearing family			
		 A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to clients and families during the antepartum period. B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to client and family during the antepartum period 1. Terminology related to pregnancy 2. Calculation of pregnancy estimated date of confinement 3. Signs and symptoms of pregnancy a. Presumptive b. Probable c. Positive d. Diagnostic Aids 1) Pregnancy Tests 2) Ultrasound 4. Physiological Changes of Pregnancy a. Anatomic and Metabolic 1) Uterine/cervical 2) Abdominal wall 3) Breast 4) Weight Changes b. Hormonal 	Assigned Readings Durham & Chapman (D&C) Ch 4, 5, 6, & 7 Lecture Discussion Dosage Calculation Testing Nursing Skills Lab- Fundal assessment & Leopold's Maneuvers	Examination Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Sim Chart Concept mapping Skills Validation: IVPB, catheterization, enteral tubes
		1) Estrogen 2) Progesterone 3) Human Chorionic gonadotropin 4) Placental Hormones c. Systemic 1) Cardiovascular		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		2) Respiratory 3) Gastro-intestinal 4) Urinary 5) Muscular-skeletal 6) Integumentary		
		5. Interdisciplinary and Nursing Health Supervision During Pregnancy a. Assessment b. Screening/Fetal Wellbeing Tests c. Minor Discomforts d. Warning Signs e. Nutritional Counseling f. Childbirth Education g. Teratogens of Pregnancy h. Genetic Counseling		
		6. Psychological Adaptation of Pregnancya. Developmental Tasksb. Psychosocial Changes		
		7. Complications of Pregnancy: Abortion, Cardiac Disease, HIV/AIDS, Diabetes in Pregnancy, Hypertensive Disorders, Hyperemesis Gravidarum, Incompetent Cervix, Ectopic Pregnancy, Gestational Trophoblastic Disease, Infectious Diseases, Placenta Previa, Rh Incompatability a. Etiology b. Pathophysiology c. Clinical manifestations & complications d. Diagnostic tests e. Cultural considerations		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		f. Evidence based theory and principles g. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities 1) Medical 2) Surgical 3) Nutrition 4) Pharmacological (NUR*103) h. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development		
4 hours 2/4/15	Intrapartal Nursing Examine maternal adaptation to the physiological and psychosocial stress of labor. Discuss nursing care for the laboring woman through each stage of labor. Compare various birthing options. Discuss the role of the nurse when caring for laboring women during birth related procedures Apply legal and ethical principles to the holistic care of laboring women	A. Critical Thinking Nursing process applied to Intrapartum clients and families B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to intrapartum client and family 1. Philosophy of Labor and delivery 2. The P's of Labor 3. Labor and delivery management: a. Basic Electronic Fetal/Uterine Monitoring b. Normal, spontaneous Vaginal Delivery (NSVD) c. Forceps/Vacuum Extraction d. Cesarean Section	Assigned Readings D&C-Ch 8 & 9 Lecture Discussion Handouts Videos Nursing Skills Lab: Intrapartal/ Fetal Well-Being Observational experience in clinical	Computer Program Return Demonstration Group Discussion Maneuvers Fetal Monitoring Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		4. Nursing Care of the Client requiring OB Anesthesia/Analgesia a. Pharmacological (NUR*103) b. Non-pharmacological c. Local Anesthesia (NUR*103) d. Regional Anesthesia (NUR*103) e. General Anesthesia (NUR*103) C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development		
1 hour 8:30- 9:30 2/11/15	Refer to test blueprint	Exam 1 MPR		
2 hours 2/18/15	Intrapartal Nursing: Complications of Labor Differentiate between the signs and symptoms, medical management and nursing care of the woman experiencing uterine problems during labor and delivery. Evaluate the signs and symptoms, medical management and nursing care of the woman experiencing fetal problems during labor and delivery.	A. Provision of safe, holistic and culturally competent care to intrapartum client and family experiencing complications of labor 1. Premature Labor 2. Premature Rupture of Membranes 3. Dysfunctional Labor 4. Precipitous Labor 5. Umbilical Cord Abnormalities 6. Persistent Posterior Position 7. Breech Presentations 8. Cephalo-Pelvic Disproportion 9. Multiple Gestation 10. Post-Date Pregnancies	Assigned Readings D&C – 10 & 11 Lecture Discussion Nursing Skills Lab	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
	Discuss the signs and symptoms, medical management and nursing care of the woman experiencing amniotic fluid problems during labor and delivery. Apply legal and ethical principles to the holistic care of laboring women experiencing complications	11. Amniotic Fluid Embolus 12. Amniotic Fluid Variations 13. Placenta Abruptio 14. Uterine Rupture 15. Shoulder Dystocia B. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community Resources C. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development		
3 hours 2/18/15 2/25/15	Postpartum Nursing NI & Complications Discuss physiological changes, nursing assessments and nursing care during the post-partum period. Identify the psychosocial changes, nursing assessments and nursing care as women adapt to the stress of the post-partum period. Discuss care for the family experiencing situational psychosocial crisis during the postpartum period Apply legal and ethical principles to the holistic care of postpartum women and families	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to clients and families experiencing both normal and complications during the postpartum phase. B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to client and family in the postpartum phase of child bearing. Normal Postpartum 1. Physical Postpartum Changes 2. Nursing Care of the Postpartum Patient a. Normal, spontaneous Vaginal Delivery (NSVD) b. Post op Cesarean Section 3. Psychological Postpartum Adjustments a. Maternal/Family Role Adaptation 4. Postpartum Blues/Depression a. Etiology and Management b. Pathophysiology	Assigned Readings D&C Ch – 11, 12, Lecture Discussion Nursing Skills Lab Postpartum Assessment Simulation Maternal Bereavement: Guest Speaker, Eva Sonn, RN and Leigh- Anne Sastre, BSN, RNC, CCE Breastfeeding: Guest speaker, Kathy Mason, BS, RNC, IBCLC Postpartum/Contraceptive Teaching Case Study: Postpartum Depression Provide nursing care to a postpartum client	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		c. Clinical manifestations & complications d. Cultural considerations e. Evidence based theory and principles f. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities i. Medical ii. Nutrition g. Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention i. Likelihood of reoccurrence during subsequent pregnancy C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Role development a. Postpartum Teaching i. Breast care ii. Perineal / Episiotomy care iii. Contraception (NUR*103) iv. Discharge instructions 3. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues		
	Compare complications the post- partum woman may experience related to a situational crisis involving her circulatory status.	Postpartum Complications: Postpartum Hemorrhage 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications		Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		 Diagnostic tests Cultural considerations Evidence based theory and principles Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities Surgery Medical Nutrition Pharmacological Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention 		Concept mapping
	Differentiate between complications the postpartum woman may experience when experiencing a situational crisis related to clotting mechanism or status.	Postpartum Hypercoagulation: Thrombophlebitis, Pulmonary Embolism 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment modalities a. Surgery b. Medical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention		Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping
	Apply complications the post-partum woman may experience during a situational crisis involving her	Hematoma/Lacerations: Cervical, Vaginal, Perineal		Clinical performance evaluation
	comfort-rest status to the need for alterations in care	 Etiology Pathophysiology Clinical manifestations & complications 		Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Surgery b. Medical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention 		Concept mapping
	Examine complications the postpartum woman may experience related to a situational crisis involving her immune status	Postpartum Infections: Pelvic, Breast 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Surgery b. Medical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention	Assigned Readings Lecture Discussion Nursing Skills Lab	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping
3 hours 2/11/15	Neonatal Nursing			
2,12,10	Identify characteristics of the normal full term newborn. Describe the nursing care of the normal full term newborn	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to clients and families who have given birth to a well or a special needs newborn	Assigned Readings: D&C Ch. 15 (normal newborn), Ch. 16 (discharge planning/teaching), Ch. 17 (high-risk newborn) Hockenberry; Ch 8 & 9, pp 185-292	Exams Clinical performance evaluation
	Identify characteristics of newborns	B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to client and family with a	Lecture	Clinical Learning Experience

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
	with complications and special needs.	newborn infant	7.2	Sim Chart
			Discussion	
	Describe the nursing care of	Normal Full Term Newborn		Concept mapping
	newborns with complications and nursing care.	Characteristics of the Newborn	Simulation/Case studies	
		Physiological Jaundice	Jeopardy	
	Apply legal and ethical principles to	1. Etiology		
	the holistic care of the neonate	2. Pathophysiology	Video: i-tunes U-newborn	
		3. Clinical manifestations & complications	assessment	
		4. Diagnostic tests		
		5. Cultural considerations	Nursing Skills Lab: Newborn	
		6. Evidence based theory and principles	Assessment	
		7. Collaborative management:		
		Treatment Modalities	Provide nursing care to a newborn	
		a. Medical		
		b. Nutrition		
		c. Pharmacological		
		8. Health Promotion/Maintenance		
		Restoration and/or Prevention		
		Newborn with complications/special		
		needs: Respiratory Distress Syndrome		
		(RDS), cardiac conditions, alteration in		
		Thermoregulation, Preterm Infant, Post-		
		term Infant, Infant of a Diabetic Mother,		
		Cleft lip/Palate, Genetic concerns:		
		Down's Syndrome, Substance Abuse, Transient Tachypnea of Neonate (TTN),		
		Necrotizing Enterocolitis (NEC)		
		recrotizing Enerocontis (rede)		
		Nursing Management of the Newborn		
		with complications/special needs:		
		1. Etiology		
		2. Pathophysiology		
		3. Clinical manifestations &		
		complications		
		4. Diagnostic tests		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		a. Genetic Concerns 1) Genetic Counseling 2) Genetic Testing 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Nutrition c. Pharmacological (NUR*103) 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention C. Communication a. Client and family education b. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development		
1 hours	Unit II: Nursing care of the			
2/25/15	perioperative client		Assigned Readings: Lewis Chapter 18	
2/25/15	Preoperative Nursing	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied	Posted/Printed Articles	Clinical performance
		to the preoperative client	Potter's Fundamentals Book	evaluation
	Describe the typical content of	D. Dravision of sofo halistic sulturally	pp1254-1271	Clinical Lagraina
	preoperative patient education programs	B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to the preoperative client	Potter's Skills 7 th pp.938-947	Clinical Learning Experience
			Lecture	Sim Chart
	Describe age specific, cultural and	Preoperative Nursing	Case Study	
	literacy sensitive approaches to preoperative patient education	Patient perception of the surgical	Discussion	Concept mapping
		experience	Discussion	
	State the effects of stress on the	a. Fear	Simulation	
	surgical patient	b. Readiness to learn/need to knowc. Importance of the presence of the	Video	
	Discuss the various ways that surgery	nurse	VIGO	

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
HOURS	can be classified Describe factors affecting surgical outcome Discuss the nursing responsibilities in the pre-operative period Develop a plan of care for the pre-operative patient	 Need for Diagnostic testing and physical preparation Provision of client/family preoperative teaching, categories of information: Health care relevant information (healthcare team members, expected events and their timing, pain management) Exercises to perform, or skill teaching (Cough/deep breathing, surgery specific, relaxation exercises) Psychosocial support (specific concerns of client, foster problem solving skills, importance of information seeking, need for post discharge support) Community resources (need for support and ability to access) Communication: apply the principles of therapeutic communication during the preoperative period Methods of delivery of pre-op education	Observational Experience	

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT SUGGESTED LI EXPERIEN	
		interventions that may influence interventions D. Professionalism	
		 Legal-ethical issues Role development 	
1 hour 2/25/15	Intraoperative Nursing Discuss the various members of the	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied Assigned Readings;	Clinical performance
	surgical team and their roles during surgery.	to the intraoperative client Lewis Chapter 19 Potter's Fundamentals	evaluation evaluation
	Describe the surgical environment and the role of the nurse within that environment.	B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to the intraoperative client Intraoperative Nursing 1276 Posted/Printed Article	Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart
	Differentiate between the various types of anesthesia used during	1. Surgical Team 2. Surgical Environment: 3. Anesthesia Lecture Case Study	Concept mapping
	surgery. Describe surgical wound	a. General Anesthesia b. Regional Anesthesia c. Conscious Sedation Discussion	
	classification according to the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) Describe selected intraoperative risks	d. Local Anesthesia Simulation 4. Risk of postoperative infection as measured by Surgical Wound Video	
	and complications	Classification: a. Class I/ Clean wounds b. Class II/Clean-contaminated wounds c. Class III/Contaminated wounds d. Class IV/Dirty or infected wounds	ence
		5. Other Intraoperative Risks/ Complications a. Risk of Injury from (1) transport (2) surgical positioning (3) hazardous substances and	

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		equipment (laser, cautery, radiation, chemicals) b. Alteration in body temperature (1) Hypothermia (2) Hyperthernia and Malignant Hyperthermia c. Risk for Alteration in fluid balance (1) Autologous blood donation (2) Bloodless surgery C. Communication: apply the principles of therapeutic communication during the preoperative period D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development		
1 hour 8:30- 9:30 3/4/15	Refer to the exam blueprint	Exam 2 MPR		
3 hours 2/25/15 3/4/15	Postoperative Nursing Describe the responsibilities of the PACU nurse in the prevention and recognition of complications. Identify common postoperative complications Discuss the management of common postoperative complications Use the nursing process in caring for clients in the postoperative period.	 A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to the postaoperative client B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to the intraoperative client Postoperative Nursing 1. Postanesthesia (PACU) Assessment (ABC) a. Airway: (A & B) 1. Obstruction 2. Hypoxia 	Lewis Chapter 20 pp. 366 – 381 Potter's Fundamentals pp. 1276 - 1295	

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
	Describe key nursing assessment and care parameters common for all postoperative patients Describe the gerontological considerations related to the postoperative management of clients	3. Aspiration b. Alteration in body temperature(C) c. Nausea and Vomiting d. Fluid balance (C) e. Pain assessment 2. Postoperative nursing care principles a. Pain management b. Early mobility c. Circulatory function d. Pulmonary toilet e. Urinary Function f. Gastrointestinal Function 3. Management of postoperative complications a. Hemorrhage 1. Hypovolemic Shock i. Prevention Early Identific. ii. Clinical Manifestations 2. Collaborative Management i. Medical/Pharmacologic (NUR*103) ii. Surgical iii. Nursing Management b. Anaphylaxis 1. Anaphylaxis 1. Anaphylactic Shock i. Prevention Early Identific. ii. Clinical Manifestations 2. Collaborative Management b. Anaphylaxis 1. Anaphylaxis 1. Anaphylaxis 1. Anaphylactic Shock i. Prevention Early Identific. ii. Clinical Manifestations 2. Collaborative Management i. Medical/Pharmacologic (NUR*103) ii. Nursing Management c. Ileus d. Atelectasis e. Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT) f. Complications of wound healing 1. dehiscence 2. evisceration		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
1 hour 3/11/15	Anemia Compare and contrast pathophysiology and clinical manifestations of anemia. Summarize the nursing care of the client experiencing anemia	3. infection 4. Gerontologic Considerations a. Mental Status b. Pain C. Communication: apply the principles of therapeutic communication during the preoperative period D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to clients with anemia B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to clients with anemia. Anemia: I. Anemia due to blood loss II. Anemia due to impaired	Assigned readings: Lewis pp. 662 – 676 Review anatomy and physiology of RBCs Case Study: come to class prepared to answer questions on anemia	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping
		blood production III. Anemia due to destruction of RBC 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests and procedures: 5. Evidence based theory and principles 6. Collaborative management: Treatment modalities: a. Nutrition b. Pharmacological 7. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention	Provide nursing care to a client with anemia	

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
	Unit VI: Bariatrics: Care of clients with medically significant obesity Describe health implications for the morbidly obese client. Compare and contrast the Bariatrics surgical techniques utilized for the morbidly obese individual. Utilize the nursing process to develop a holistic plan of care for clients following Bariatric surgery.	C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to clients with morbid obesity. B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to clients with morbid obesity. Bariatrics 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests and procedures 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and Principles 7. Collaborative management:		Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping
		Treatment modalities: a. Surgery b. Medical c. Rehabilitative d. Nutrition e. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		D. Professionalism1. Legal-ethical issues2. Role development		
3/11/15 Geri & 3/25/15 Disc relat Outl adap adult Iden alter in ou Desc aging healt Disc hosp ation	it III: Principles of Geriatric ring: Nursing Care of the riatric Client cuss adult aging theories in ation to wellness and illness. thine common changes and ptations occurring in the older alt. Intify myths and stereotypes that are perceptions about aging persons our society. Scribe health care needs of the ang population in a variety of althcare settings cuss the impact of illness, pitalization and institutionalizion on the independent function-ing the older adult.	 A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to a geriatric client B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to a geriatric client 1. Psychosocial Aging a. Activity Theory b. Disengagement Theory c. Continuity Theory 2. Assessment of Older Adult a. Primary Aging b. Secondary Aging c. Functional Assessment of Older Adult 3. Common concerns a. Physiological changes of aging b. Psychosocial changes of aging c. Disengagement theory d. Activity Theory e. Continuity Theory 4. Physiological changes affecting pharmacokinetics; issue of polypharmacy in geriatric population 5. Settings for the delivery of care a. Community settings (daycare, senior centers) b. Assisted Living 	Assigned Readings: Lewis; Ch. 5&6, pp. 62-89, Ch. 60 pp. 1518-1537 Potter & Perry; Ch 10, pg 122 (Box 10-3) & pg 126 (Box 10-6) Ch. 14, pp. 171-191 Perry & Potter; pp. 1102-1103 (teaching medication self-administration) Lecture Class presentation/Discussion Mini Mental Status Simulation Electronic resources: http://consultgerirn.org/	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		d. Subacute/Rehab e. Acute		
2 hours	Principles of Geriatric Nursing & Cognitive Disorders			
3/25/15	Cognitive Districts			
	Differentiate between the clinical presentations of delirium and dementia.	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to a geriatric and cognitively impaired client		
	Discuss the nursing care of the client with delirium	B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to a cognitively impaired client		
	Discuss the nursing care of the client with dementia.	D.P.C.		
	Describe the characteristic behaviors and stages of Alzheimer's Disease.	Delirium 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations &		
	Discuss diagnosis, medical treatment and nursing care of the client with Alzheimer's disease.	complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. assurance of a safe environment b. Medical 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance		
		Restoration and/or Prevention a. Nutrition b. Pharmacological		
		Dementia: Alzheimer's 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications		
		4. Diagnostic tests		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management:		
4/1/15 8:30- 9:30	Refer to the exam blueprint	Exam 3 MPR		
5 hours 4/1/15 4/8/15	Unit IV Nursing care of the client with select orthopedic conditions			
	Identify nursing care delivery for the pediatric client with orthopedic problems	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to a client with an orthopedic conditionB. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally	We will start with fractures first. Review Anatomy & Physiology (A&P)	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning
	Describe the nursing care for the client with a fracture.	competent care to a client with an orthopedic condition	Readings: Lewis pp. 1590 – 1604, 1605 – 1608, 1610 – 1614, 1614 –	Experience Sim Chart
	Discuss medical management and nursing care for the client with a fractured hip.	Common Pediatric orthopedic conditions: Congenital Hip dysplasia, scoliosis, club foot	1618, 1620 – 1623, 1641 – 1658, 1661 – 1664, 1634 – 1637, 1620 – 1623,	Concept mapping
	Discuss nursing care delivery for the client with arthritis.	 Etiology Pathophysiology 	Posted/Printed Articles	

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
WEEK HOURS	Compare and contrast the management of osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis Describe the nursing care for the client with reconstructive joint replacement Discuss nursing care delivery for the client with osteomyelitis Discuss nursing care delivery for the client with amputation. Address nursing care for the client with complications of orthopedic procedures	3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Surgical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention Fracture 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications a. Fat embolism b. Compartment syndrome c. Volkman's contracture 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Surgical c. Nutrition	EVALUATION
		Osteoarthritis and Rheumatoid Arthritis 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations &	

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Surgical (1) Joint Replacement Surgery c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention Other orthopedic disorders: Gout, Osteoporosis, Lyme Disease, osteomyelitis 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Nutrition c. Pharmacological d. Surgical/amputation 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance and Restoration and or Prevention C. Communication 1. Client and family education		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		2. Community Resources		
		-		
		D. Professionalism		
		Legal-Ethical issues		
4.	77 14 77 70 70 14 14 77	2. Role Development		
4 hours	Unit V: Pediatric Nursing	A Citical Third in a Name	And and Davidson	Clinia la conferencia
4/9/15	Principles of Pediatric Nursing	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process	Assigned Readings:	Clinical performance
4/8/15	Describe the philosophy and cools of	applied to the care of the pediatric client	Fundamentals text: Ch 12 139-156 Hockenberry;	evaluation
4/15/15	Describe the philosophy and goals of pediatric nursing	and family	Ch1 pp1-15, Ch 3 & 4 pp 23-63,	Clinical Learning
	pediatric nursing	Trends in pediatric care	Ch 6 & 7 pp 86-184, Ch 10 pp 308-	Experience
	Discuss the significance of family in	2. Health promotion and the pediatric	353, Ch 12 pp 378-406, Ch 13 pp	Sim Chart
	the care of pediatric clients	client	407-421, Ch 15 pp 457-475, Ch 16	Sim Chart
	are care of pediatric enems	3. Family characteristics	pp 476-497, Ch 21 pp 621-634,	Concept mapping
	Identify health- promotional	4. Cultural influences on the pediatric	Ch 22 pp 636, 637, 641, 642(use of	
	activities essential for normal growth	client and family	play), 658-659(collection of	
	and development in the pediatric	5. Parenting styles	specimens), 665-672(Administration	
	population	a. Child-rearing philosophies	of medications, 678-687 Table 22-6	
		b. Discipline	(IM injections)	
	List the major components of a	6. Principles of growth and development	Common conditions	
	pediatric history and physical exam	a. Cephalocaudal	Tonsillitis and Adenoiditis	
		b. Proximodistal	Ch 23 pp 715-716	
	Explain how children differ from	c. Simple to complex	AOM/OME	
	adults in their response to illness and	d. General to specific	Ch 23 pp 717-719	
	hospitalization	7. Application of theories of growth and	Gastroenteritis/Dehydration	
	Discuss pediatric illness as a family	development a. Cognitive: Piaget	Ch 24 pp 762-778, 781-782 Box 24-3	
	stressor	a. Cognitive: Piaget b. Psychosocial: Erikson	Appendicitis	
	Stressor	c. Moral: Kohlberg	Ch 24 pp 785-788	
	Discuss the principles and techniques	d. Psychosexual: Freud	Pyloric Stenosis	
	for administering medications and IV	8. Physical Assessment	805-809	
	fluids to children	a. History	Appendix A (p 1120) &C (p 1138)	
		b. Vital signs	Lecture Lecture	
	Describe communication strategies	c. Anthropometric measurement		
	that assist nurses in working	d. Growth charts	Discussion	
	effectively with children	e. Nutrition		
		9. Developmental Assessment	Video	
	Describe legal issues unique to	a. Denver Developmental		

WEEK	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
HOURS	children and families Discuss care of children with common pediatric illnesses	Screening Test II (DDST-II) b. Play as an indicator 10. The Hospitalized child a. Preparation for elective hospitalization b. Emergency hospitalization c. Stressors associated with illness and hospitalization 11. Preparing children for procedures a. Physical preparation b. Verbal preparation c. Coping with pain d. Use of play as a coping mechanism 12. Administering medication to children a. Administering oral medication b. Administering injections c. Principles of IV fluid administration B. Communication with the pediatric client and family 1. Communication strategies a. Developmental principles a. Cultural considerations 2. Parental education a. Safety b. Anticipatory guidance C. Professionalism	EXPERIENCES	
		C. Professionalism 1. Consent for care 2. The nurse as a child advocate 3. Mandatory reporting laws		
2 hours 4/15/15	Common Pediatric Conditions Describe nursing care and management when caring for the child with common pediatric conditions.	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to the care of the pediatric client and family with Common Pediatric Conditions: Gastroenteritis, Appendecitis, Otitis Media, conditions affecting the	Assigned Readings: See above Lecture Discussion	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience

tonsills and adenoids, Pyloric Stenosis, Care of the Child with Developmental Needs B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to the pediatric Cleint and family with Common Pediatric Conditions 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Surgical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development	LUATION
b. Surgical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development	rt
D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development	
1 hour 4/22/15 8:30-9:30 Refer to the exam blueprint Exam 4 MPR	

Thour Unit VIII: Nursing care of the client with a Sexually Transmitted Illnesses
C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
2 hours 4/29/15	Unit X: Nursing care of the family experiencing violence Discuss the differences between physical violence, sexual violence, emotional violence and neglect Describe common characteristics of the abused and abusers Identify stressors and predictors of family violence. Discuss safety plans for victims of family violence Describe phases of rape-trauma syndrome and common reactions during each phase. Discuss the role of the nurse when caring for the abused client Describe the role of the nurse as an advocate in incidences of family violence Describe how the role of the nurse varies in the care of clients that are victims of different types of violence, abuse and neglect	 A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to the care of clients/families experiencing violence and neglect B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to clients/families experiencing violence and neglect Violence: Spousal Abuse, Elder Abuse, Child Abuse, Sexual Assault 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Surgical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development 	Assigned Readings: Varcarolis Chapter 26 & 27 Lecture- guest Discussion Video	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
2 hours 4/29/15	Unit VII: Nursing care of the client with select genitourinary conditions Use the nursing process as a framework when caring for patients with commonly occurring urinary system problems. Use the nursing process as a framework when caring for patients with commonly occurring urinary system problems. Identify common laboratory and diagnostic tests used to determine urinary system dysfunction.	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to the clients experiencing genitourinary conditions B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to clients experiencing genitor-urinary conditions Urinary Tract Infections, Urolithiasis, Kidney Surgery, Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Surgical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance Restoration and/or Prevention C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development	Assigned Readings: Lewis review A & P Chapter 45 pp. 1114 – 119, pp.1122 – 1129, 1134 – 1141, 1377 - 1386 Lecture; case study. Complete assignment prior to coming to class Discussion Provide nursing care to a client experiencing a genitor-urinary condition	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
2 hours 5/6/15	Unit XI: Nursing care of the client and family experiencing death Identify the stages of grieving. Identify clinical symptoms of grief and factors affecting a grief response Identify measures that facilitate the grieving process List clinical signs of impending and actual death Identify the nurse's legal responsibilities regarding client death Discuss the role of the nursing when caring for the dying client.	 A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to a dying client B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to a dying client Palliative Care Clinical manifestations & complications Cultural considerations Evidence based theory and principles Grief and Bereavement C. Communication Client and family education Community resources D. Professionalism Legal-ethical issues Role development 	Assigned Readings: Lewis; Ch. 11 pp 153-166 Potter & Perry; pp 708-730 Perry & Potter; Ch. 16 pp. 403-419 AV; Frontline documentary: "Facing Death" and NPR audiocast: "Why this city in Wisconsin is the best place to die." Lecture Discussion Nursing Skills Lab: Simulation Provide nursing care to a terminally ill client	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping
2 hours 4/22/15	Unit IX: Nursing care of the gynecology client Address life cycle changes of women. Describe common health screening tests for women. Identify factors that can influence the health of the female reproductive system. Describe the components associated with the physical assessment, including routine health screening	 A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to the care of clients with gynecological disorders B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to with gynecological disorders Menstrual Cycle Normal Deviations of Normal Taking a gynecological history Demographic Data Personal & Family History GYN History STD History Diet 	Assigned Readings Lewis Ch 51-p. 1289-98, 1300-05, Ch 1306-11, up to Breast cancer & Ch 54. Lecture Discussion Nursing Skills Lab: Self Breast Examination Case Study: Menopause Provide nursing care to a gynecology client	Clinical performance evaluation Clinical Learning Experience Sim Chart Concept mapping

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
HOURS	test of the female reproductive system Identify tests that a commonly used to diagnose dysfunctions of the reproductive system. List nursing diagnoses appropriate to women with gynecologic disorders. Discuss the role of the nurse and the use of the nursing process when caring for clients with common gynecological disorders.	f. Stressors g. Support System 3. Physical Assessment a. Breast Exam b. Abdominal Exam c. External Genitalia d. Pelvic Exam e. Bimanual Exam f. Rectovaginal Exam 4. Diagnostic Assessment a. Laboratory tests b. Radiographic studies c. Endoscopic studies d. Biopsy e. Other diagnostic studies	EXPERIENCES	
		Disorders affecting women's health: Pre- Menstrual Syndrome, Menstrual Irregularities, Menopause, Benign Breast Disorders, Endometriosis, Vaginitis, Uterine Prolapse, Cystocele or Rectocele, Toxic Shock Syndrome 1. Etiology 2. Pathophysiology 3. Clinical manifestations & complications 4. Diagnostic tests 5. Cultural considerations 6. Evidence based theory and principles 7. Collaborative management: Treatment Modalities a. Medical b. Surgical c. Nutrition d. Pharmacological 8. Health Promotion/Maintenance		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
		Restoration and/or Prevention		
		C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources		
		D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development		
5 hours 5/6/15 &	Unit XII: Nursing Care of The Client with a Psychiatric/Mental	A. Critical Thinking: Nursing process applied to a client with a psychiatric/mental health	Assigned Readings:	Exam
5/13/15	<u>Health Disorder</u>	disorder	Varcarolis: Chapter 12 and 22	
	Adult Psychiatric Conditions: Anxiety, Somatoform, Factitious and Dissociative Disorders	Introduction to the DSM-IV-TR and its use in psychiatric/mental health nursing	Lecture Discussion	
	Describe the DSM-IV-TR-evaluation system for classification of mental	a. Axis b. Global Function Index		
	disorders.	2. The role of defense mechanisms in client coping	Recommended Films: to be provided during lecture	
	Identify adaptive and maladaptive coping through identification and understanding of defense	a. Adaptive b. Maladaptive		
	mechanisms.	B. Provision of safe, holistic, culturally competent care to a client with a		
	Identify theories of anxiety disorders	psychiatric disorder		
	Identify basic characteristics of medical anxiety disorders	Anxiety Disorders a. Etiology b. Pathophysiology		
	Discuss assessment when providing	c. Clinical manifestations &		
	care to people with anxiety and anxiety disorders	complications d. Diagnostic tests e. Cultural considerations		
	Identify nursing diagnoses and outcomes for people with anxiety	f. Evidence based theory and principles of management		

WEEK HOURS	UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EVALUATION
	disorders Describe manifestation of the somatoform, factitious and dissociative disorders	Generalized Anxiety Disorder, Panic Disorders, Phobias, Social Anxiety Disorders, OCD, PTSD 2. Somatoform Disorders/Somatization a. symptoms of unmet needs b. Importance of secondary gains c. Impact on healthcare system g. Evidence based theory and principles of management 3. Factitious Disorders a. Prototype: Munchausen Syndrome and Munchausen Syndrome by Proxy h. Evidence based theory and principles of management 4. Dissociative Disorders a. Define Dissociation b. Prototypes: Dissociative Fugue and Dissociative Identity Disorder i. Evidence based theory and principles of management C. Communication 1. Client and family education 2. Community resources D. Professionalism 1. Legal-ethical issues 2. Role development		
1 hour 5/13/15 8:30- 9:30	Refer to the exam blueprint	Exam 5 MPR		

UNIT OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	SUGGESTED LEARNING	EVALUATION
		EXPERIENCES	
Monday			
5/18/15			
8:30 to 10:30am	Final Exam		
	MPR		
Monday	ATI Exam in computer rooms		
5/18/15	TBD		
	Monday 5/18/15 8:30 to 10:30am Monday	Monday 5/18/15 8:30 to 10:30am Final Exam MPR Monday 5/18/15 ATI Exam in computer rooms TBD	Monday 5/18/15 8:30 to 10:30am Final Exam MPR Monday 5/18/15 ATI Exam in computer rooms 5/18/15 TBD

CONNECTICUT COMMUNITY COLLEGE NURSING PROGRAM (CT-CCNP)

Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Three Rivers Community College

NUR* 102: Family Health Nursing Laboratory Topics Schedule

Obstetrical/Pediatric Nursing Topics

Last revised date: 1/2015

Lab Topic		Time
Breastfeeding (1 hour theory)		1 hour
Newborn Assessment and Care		2.5 hours
Post Partum Assessment/Care		1.5 hour
Child Birth Education (i.e. Lamaze)		1 hour
	TOTAL	6

Combined Nursing Topics

Lab Topic	Time
Urinary Catheterization Content (includes CBI)	1.5 hour
Urinary Catheterization Practice	1.5 hours
IVPB Content	2 hours
IVPB Practice	1 hour
Medication Calculation Testing or Support	1 hour
VALIDATIONS IVPB & CATHETERIZATION	2
TOTAL	9.0

Medical/Surgical Topics

Lab Topic	Time
Blood Transfusion	1.5 hours
Surgical Assessment	1.5 hour
Decompression Tubes Content	2.0 hours
Indications, placement, patency,	
Enteral Tube Medication Administration and Practice	
PCA/Epidural pumps	1 hour
Ortho Lab/Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System	1 hour
VALIDATION: ENTERAL MED ADMINISTRATION	1 hour
TOTAL	8.0
Floating Hour to be applied at faculty team discretion	1.0
NURSING 102 TOTAL LAB HOURS	24

^{*}Times serve as a guideline for faculty planning

On Campus Clinical Laboratory: Care of Breastfeeding Clients (1 hour)

Νι	Nursing Care of Breastfeeding Clients		
Uŗ	earning Objectives oon completion of the Learning Laboratory e student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities	
1.	Discuss breastfeeding readiness and indications of infant hunger	Review handouts/readings/videos related to breastfeeding	
2.	Describe signs that baby is getting enough milk	Guest speaker Demonstration of various breastfeeding	
		techniques	
3.	Identify steps to ensure correct breastfeeding latch		
4.	Discuss and demonstrate various infant holding positions to promote comfort, support and ease of breastfeeding		
5.	Apply the nursing process to breastfeeding issues		
6.	Identify benefits for both mother and baby related to breastfeeding.		

On Campus Clinical Laboratory: Nursing Care and Assessment of Newborns (2.5hours)

Nursing Assessment and Care of Newborns		
Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities	
 Identify normal newborn reflexes Review the correct techniques for administration of newborn medications including routes, sites and equipment needed Describe the components of a complete newborn exam including normal varients vs. abnormal findings Describe care of the newborn following circumcision Review the components of a baby bath Discuss the variety of formulas and nipples used for bottle fed babies. Discuss ways to keep newborns safe from abduction and SIDs prevention 	Review handouts/readings/videos related to newborn assessment and care Demonstration and practice with return demonstration of newborn assessment using newborn manikins/Sim Baby Critical Thinking scenario and small group discussion: newborn care Guest speaker Case Study	

On Campus Clinical Laboratory: Nursing Care and Assessment of the Postpartum Client (1.5 hours)

Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities
nie student win de able to.	
Describe a systematic "Bubble" assessment of a postpartum client a. Breast	Review handouts/readings/videos related to postpartum assessment and care
b. Uterus/fundusc. Bladderd. Bowel	Student practice a return demonstration of a post partum assessment
e. Lochiaf. Episiotomy, Emotional	Critical Thinking scenario and small group discussion
2. Describe routine care of the mother who has delivered her infant vaginally	Case Study
vs. cesarean section	Guest speaker
	Readings: D&C Ch 12, Ch 11 pp.305, Ch 13

On Campus Clinical Laboratory: Care of Clients Requiring Urinary Catheterization (1.5 hours)

Part A: Nursing Care of Clients Requiring Urinary Catheterization		
Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities	
 Describe the indications for urinary catheterization, such as: a. measuring residual urine volume b. urinary retention Describe the procedure for assessing post void residual urine using straight catheterization State the advantages of using a bladder scanner to assess urine volume. a. Relate the steps for assessing bladder urine volume using a bladder scanner. Describe the nursing assessments that should be done prior to catheterizing a client Describe nursing considerations related to catheterization of a female vs. a male client Describe the procedural differences between straight and indwelling catheterization Identify the equipment needed to perform urinary catheterization Compare and contrast the different types of urinary catheters State expected outcomes following completion of the procedure Discuss key principles related to urinary catheterization Demonstrate aseptic technique during catheterization and related procedures 	Review handouts/readings/videos related to urinary catheterization. Review handouts/readings/videos related to bladder scanning Faculty demonstration of urinary catheterization and removal of indwelling catheter. Student practice on SimMan®: insertion of indwelling catheter, removal of catheter. Review of validation performance checklist for urinary catheterization. Critical thinking exercise and small group discussion: urinary catheterization	

Combined Nursing Topics		
using laboratory simulation models.		
18. Discuss the risks and potential complications associated with catheterization, and the nursing interventions to prevent them		
19. Discuss client teaching related to urinary catheterization		
20. Demonstrate collection of a urine specimen from a continuous bladder drainage system.		
21. Review/Discuss routine catheter care and the procedure for removal of an indwelling catheter (NUR*101)		

Pa	Part B: Nursing Care of Clients Requiring Continuous Bladder Irrigation (CBI) and Open			
Τ.	Intermittent Catheter Irrigation Learning Objectives Suggested Learning Activities			
	arning Objectives on completion of the Learning Laboratory	Suggested Learning Activities		
_	e student will be able to:			
unc	e student will be able to.			
1.	Discuss the indications and purposes of	Review readings/handouts/videos related to		
	urinary bladder and catheter irrigation.	CBI and open intermittent catheter irrigation.		
2.	Describe the indications for closed	Demonstration and practice setting up a CBI		
	continuous (CBI) vs. open catheter	and performing open intermittent catheter		
	(Intermittent) irrigation	irrigation.		
3.	List the equipment needed to perform	Critical thinking exercise and small group		
	closed continuous and open intermittent	discussion: bladder irrigation.		
	irrigation.	_		
4.	Describe the nursing assessments related to			
	catheter irrigation.			
5.	State the expected outcomes following			
	completion of the procedure			
6.	List the steps required for performing			
	closed continuous bladder irrigation.			
_				
7.	List the steps required for performing open			
	intermittent catheter irrigation.			
8.	Describe nursing considerations related to			
	the prevention of infection when			
	performing catheter irrigation.			

Competency Assessment/Validation: Insertion of an Indwelling Urinary Catheter

Competency Assessment/Validation: Insertion of an Indwelling Urinary Catheter for a Female Client

Student:Date:	
Psychomotor Skill (Note: specific skills may vary slightly in accordance with equipment or facility protocol)	S/U
Part I: Preparation for Catheterization	
1. Check M.D. order	
2. Gather equipment for catheterization	
a. Correct catheterization kit (Straight or Foley) and correct catheter size	
b. Extra pair of sterile gloves, extra sterile catheter or kit of correct size and type	
c. Bath blanket and linen protector	
3. Identify patient and explain procedure	
4. Wash hands	
5. Provide privacy	
6. Raise height of bed	
7. Position patient in dorsal recumbent position with knees flexed	
8. Drape patient with bath blanket	
9. Cleanse perineum prn and identify anatomical landmarks	
Part II: Getting the Field Ready	
1. Open catheter kit	
2. Place outer plastic wrap at end of bed for waste disposal	
3. Place catheter set on bed between patient's legs	
4. Open outer wrap using principles of sterile technique	
5. Using sterile technique place sterile drape, plastic side down, under buttocks	
6. Don sterile gloves	
7. Place fenestrated drape over perineum maintaining sterility	
8. Organize equipment in order of use	
a. Place cotton balls/swabs, antiseptic solution, and lubricant closest to patient	
b. Pour antiseptic over cotton balls or open packet with swabs	
c. Test catheter balloon for leaks (unless manufacturer does not recommend)	
d. Pull back fluid to deflate balloon but leave syringe attached to lumen	
e. Squirt lubricant onto tray	
f. Lubricate tip of catheter 2 inches	
Part III: Inserting Catheter	
1. Separate the labia minora with your non-dominant hand to expose urethral meatus	
2. Cleanse meatus, using downward strokes (front to back)	
a. Far labial fold first	
b. Near labial fold next	
c. Over center of meatus last	
3. Pick up catheter (3in. from tip) with dominant hand	_
4. Ask patient to bear down gently as if to void	
5. Insert catheter 2-3 in. or until urine flows: when urine is seen, advance 1-2 in.	

Combined Natishing Topics	
6. Release labia and hold catheter in place with non-dominant hand	
7. Inflate balloon with recommended amount of sterile water and tug gently	
8. Allow bladder to empty	
9. Attach end of catheter to end of tubing on urinary drainage device if not pre-attached	
10. Remove gloves and wash hands	
11. Follow hospital protocol regarding securing catheter to leg (use clean gloves)	
Part IV: Patient Assessment and Documentation	
1. Assess color, clarity, odor, and amount of urine obtained	
2. Cleanse patient's perineum (insure that patient is clean and dry)	
3. Remove drapes	
Perform Documentation per facility protocol	
Lab Referral Comments:	
Dates Remediated/Comments:	
Validating InstructorDate:	_

On Campus Clinical Laboratory: Intravenous Piggy Back Administration (IVPB) (2 hours)

Nursing Care of Clients requiring Intravenous Administration Medication		
Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities	
 Discuss the indications and methods of administration for IV piggy back (IVPB) medications. 	Review of handouts/readings/videos related to IV piggyback medication administration. Demonstration and practice of preparing IV	
 2. Demonstrate safe and competent practice during IV piggyback medication administration a. Assessment of client allergies b. Calculation of correct dose c. Verification of medication compatibility d. Maintenance of aseptic technique during preparation and administration of IV medications e. Accurate reconstitution of IVPB medication f. Regulation of infusion at prescribed rate g. Assessment of client response to IVPB medication 	medication for administration via piggyback and saline lock/intermittent infusion device. Small group work-return demonstration (calculate dose, mix medication in mini bag, calculate infusion rate, back prime secondary line) utilizing laboratory equipment Practice IV medication reconstitution and calculation of piggyback drip rates. Critical Thinking Exercise with small group discussion Case study: client scenarios Review IVPB Validation Performance	
3. Relate potential complications associated with IVPB medication administration.	checklist	
4. Demonstrate correct technique for saline lock med/intermittent infusion device administration (i.e. S-A-S)		
5. Discuss principles related to the administration of Intravenous medication/additives via a primary solution (i.e. Potassium, multivitamins)	Demonstration and practice of adding medication to primary IV solution.	
6. Demonstrate the procedure for administering IV medication utilizing an infusion pump	Small group work-return demonstration utilizing laboratory equipment	

Competency Assessment/Validation: Administration of Piggyback Medication via Secondary Line (IVPB)

Psychomotor Skill (Note: specific skills may vary in accordance with equipment or facility protocol)	S/U
1. Washes hands	
2. Obtains ordered medication and does three checks against M.D. order on MAR	
3. Verbalizes checking compatibility of medication with primary solution/additives	
 4. Gathers appropriate equipment a. Inspects solution for clarity, color, expiration date. b. Selects appropriate tubing and dates tubing per facility protocol 	
5. Clamps secondary tubing and spikes IVPB bag	
6. Calculates drip rate precisely	
7. Properly identifies client and explains procedure	
8. Washes hands and gathers gloves	
 9. Dons gloves and assesses IV site for: a. changes in temperature b. edema c. leakage d. color (pallor, redness) e. pain or tenderness 10. Cleanses upper Y-port on primary tubing with alcohol wipe and attaches secondary set 	
11. Purges air from secondary tubing by back priming (i.e. lowers IVPB below level of Primary bag)	
12. Closes roller clamp on secondary tubing and hangs IVPB bag on pole	
13. Lowers primary bag on hanger	
14. Opens secondary tubing clamp completely	
15. Sets rate using primary line clamp, adjusted to within 5 gtts of correct rate	
16. Rechecks site to verify no infiltration, pain, leakage	
17. Verbalizes need to recheck site and rate again in 5-10 min	
18. Maintains principles of asepsis throughout procedure	
19. Documents per facility policy	

Dates Remediated/Comments:		
Validating Instructor	Date: _	

Medical/Surgical Topics

NUR*102: Family Health Nursing

On Campus Clinical Laboratory: Administration of Blood/Blood Product Transfusions (1.5 hours)

Nursing Care of Clients requiring Blood/Blood Products Transfusion/Administration		
Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities	
 Relate the indications and therapeutic purposes for transfusion therapy. Discuss the advantages of autologous transfusions. Describe blood typing systems and their use in determining compatibility of blood components. Describe the principles of safe transfusion administration. Demonstrate safe and competent practice when monitoring transfusions: Client assessment pretransfusion Pre-administration protocol Client identification Client monitoring Documentation Compare and contrast the different types of transfusion reactions. Discuss the prevention and nursing management of transfusion reactions. 	Lecture/Discussion Review of handouts/readings/videos related to blood transfusion. Review of equipment related to blood transfusion. Faculty demonstration of preparing PRBC's for administration. Practice calculating drip rates to ensure timely administration of transfusion. Practice monitoring of blood transfusion. Critical Thinking Exercise/Case Studies/ small group discussion related to the key factors in blood/blood products administration	

Medical/Surgical Topics NUR*102: Family Health Nursing

NUR*102: Family Health Nursing
On Campus Clinical Laboratory: Surgical Assessment (1.5 hours)

Nursing Care of the Surgical Client		
Upon o	ing Objectives completion of the Learning Laboratory dent will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities
1.	Describe the <i>initial</i> nursing assessment of the client received from the Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) such as: a. Airway assessment and positioning for maximal air exchange. b. Circulatory Assessment (vital signs, physical assessment) c. Level of Consciousness/ sedation d. Assessment of Comfort/ Pain Management	Review of readings/handouts/videos related to post-operative nursing assessment and care. Return demonstration of securing airway Practice utilizing devices for incentive spirometry and oxygen saturation. Role play instructing a client in post-op exercises. Case study/ critical thinking exercise with small group discussion.
2.	Identify the components of a generalized post-op client nursing assessment	Develop a care plan for a post-op client. Case study-Small group discussion of post op
3.	Demonstrate preparation of the bedside unit for the client returning from surgery.	day #2, development of atelectasis and decreasing oxygen saturation
4.	Discuss the rationale and teaching considerations for post-operative clients such as: a. Incentive Spirometry (IS) b. Leg Exercises/Intermittent	
5.	Describe special considerations for the surgical dressing change	
6.	Discuss nursing interventions that promote resumption of client's baseline function and prevent post-op complications.	ily Health Nursing

Medical/Surgical Topics On Campus Clinical Laboratory:

Nursing Care of Clients with Decompression Tubes; Enteral Tube Medication Administration (2 hours)

Par	Part A: Nursing Care of Clients with Decompression Tubes				
Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:		Suggested Learning Activities			
	Differentiate between the various types of enteral tubes (i.e. PEG, NGT, jejunal, gastrostomy)	Review readings/handouts/videos on NG tube for decompression. Student practice: setting up for NGT insertion.			
3.	Describe the different types of tubes used for gastric decompression. State the purposes of a Nasogastric (NG) tube.	Faculty demonstration and student practice: 1. verifying tube placement 2. anchoring tube 3. irrigating tube 4. attaching tube to suction 5. measuring tube output Critical thinking exercise/case study: client with an NG tube (NGT)			
5.	Discuss the procedure for insertion of an NG tube. Discuss expected outcomes following				
6.	Completion of the procedure. Describe the evidence based procedure for verifying placement of an NG tube				
	Describe nursing management of the client with an NG tube to include a. the use of suction, b. NG Tube irrigation, c. evaluating NG tube output d. NG tube removal				

Medical/Surgical Topics

Part B: Enteral Tube Medication Administra	Medical/Surgical Topics Part B: Enteral Tube Medication Administration				
Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities				
 Describe nursing assessments related to medication administration via enteral tubes Demonstrate techniques for assessing placement of enteral tubes prior to medication administration List the steps of the procedure for administration of medications via an enteral tube. Discuss nursing considerations related to administration of medications via enteral tubes such as: Medications contraindicated for enteral administration Contraindications to crushing of certain medications Implications for medication incompatibilities such as:	Review of readings/handouts/videos for medication administration via enteral tubes Faculty demonstration and student practice of procedure. Critical thinking exercise/ case study with small group discussion. Review of validation performance checklist for medication administration via enteral tubes.				

Medical/Surgical Topics Competency Assessment/Validation: Medication Administration via an Enteral Tube

Student: Date:	
Psychomotor Skill (Note: specific skills may vary in accordance with equipment or facility	S/U
protocol)	Sic
1. Gathers supplies (60 mL catheter tip syringe)	
2. Prepares medication per procedure using MAR, 6 Rights, Checks 2 forms of identity	
3. Obtains liquid form or crushes meds	
a. Verbalizes verification that medication is crushable	
b. Verbalize to dilute crushed medication with 30 mL water	
4. Assess that tube is securely taped or fastened	
5. Places towel under work area	
6. Places patient in high fowler's position	
7. Dons clean gloves	
8. Disconnects tube from feeding or suction or removes plug	
a. Holds tube up above level of stomach	
b. Pinches tube or uses Lopez valve to prevent backflow and leaking	
9. Confirms tube placement: checks markings, checks aspirate color and pH	
a. Draw up 30 mL of air into 60 mL syringe	
b. Attach to end of feeding tube	
c. Flush tube with 30 mL of air before attempts to aspirate fluid	
d. Draw back on syringe slowly-obtaining 5-10 mL of gastric aspirate	
e. Gently mix aspirate in syringe	
f. Measure pH-dipping the pH strip into fluid or by applying few drops of fluid to the strip-	
comparing with the color on the chart provided by manufacturer	
i. Gastric contents < 4, tube feeding pH usually 5 or greater, ph of pleural fluid from the	
tracheabronchial tree is generally > 6 10. Verbalizes how to aspirate for residual if feeding	
a. Return aspirated contents unless excessive amount (usually > 100cc)	
11. Flushes with 30 mL of warm water	
12. Removes plunger of syringe	
a. Pinches/kinks gastric tube	
b. Places end of syringe into gastric tube	
13. Administers meds by gravity, pours each med separately, flushes with 10 mL H ₂ O between	
each med	
14. After last medication flushes with 30-60 mL H ₂ O	
15. Pinches gastric tube, removes syringe and inserts clamp or connects to tube feeding.	
Do not reconnect to suction for 60 minutes	
16. Positions client with HOB elevated 30-45 degrees for 1 hour	
17. Pacords total amount of fluid given	
18. Verbalizes how to irrigate a nasogastric tube to suction using 30 mL normal saline	
	<u> </u>
Lab Referral Comments:	
Dates Remediated/Comments:	
Validating Instructor Date:	

Medical/Surgical Topics NUR*102: Family Health Nursing

On Campus Clinical Laboratory:

Pain Management: Nursing Care of Clients with Epidural or Patient Controlled Analgesia (PCA) (1 hour)

Nu	Nursing Care of Clients with Epidural or Patient Controlled Analgesia (PCA)				
Up	e student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities			
	Describe patient controlled analgesia and the different modalities used to provide it. Discuss the evidence to support the	Review of readings/handouts/videos related to care of the client receiving PCA/epidural pain management.			
	advantages of PCA and epidural analgesia (evidenced based practice)	Review of readings/handouts/videos related to epidural catheter management			
3.	Identify clients who would be candidates for PCA/epidural pain management.	Review of equipment used in providing PCA and epidural pain management.			
4.	State the agents (i.e. opiods) commonly used for PCA and epidural pain management.	Discuss nursing implications related to client teaching and safety with PCA and epidural. Case study/ critical thinking exercise and small			
5.	Discuss concerns / safety issues related to PCA / epidural use.	group discussion related to the care of clients receiving PCA/epidural pain management.			
6.	Discuss principles and safety features of PCA / epidural pump operation.				
7.	Describe the process for client activation of PCA devices				
8.	Describe safe and competent nursing care of the client receiving PCA/ epidural analgesia				
	 a. Design a nursing care plan for the client receiving PCA/ epidural analgesia to include but not be limited to: i. nursing assessments to monitor client response to PCA/epidural analgesia 				
	ii. nursing assessments to monitor the safety of the client receiving PCA/ epidural analgesia				

Medical/Surgical Topics

Medical/Surgical Topics

NUR*102: Family Health Nursing
Orthopedics Lab: Nursing Care of Clients with Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System (1 hour)

Nursing Care of Clients with Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System				
Learning Objectives Upon completion of the Learning Laboratory the student will be able to:	Suggested Learning Activities			
 Discuss nursing considerations related to mobilizing clients with joint replacements and hip fractures. Relate the principles and rationale of hip precautions and their importance in preventing postoperative dislocation. Describe quad and glut setting exercises. Compare and contrast the different weight bearing status orders commonly seen with post-operative orthopedic clients. Discuss the fitting and use of ambulatory devices appropriate for a client's weight bearing status. Describe functional assist levels and their implications for safely mobilizing the post-op orthopedic client. Review the equipment used in the care of clients with fractured hip and major joint replacements. Relate the purposes, types, complications, and nursing care of the patient in a cast. Plan and implement care for the patient in a cast. 	Power point presentation by guest expert physical therapist. Demonstration of mobilization techniques and hip precautions by physical therapist. Discussion and question and answer session with physical therapist. Student practice of mobilization techniques on peers.			