## CONNECTICUT COMMUNITY COLLEGES NURSING PROGRAMS

Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern CT Community College, Norwalk Community College, Three Rivers Community College

#### NUR 103: PHARMACOLOGY FOR FAMILIES ACROSS THE LIFESPAN

Course Prerequisite

NUR\*101: Introduction to Nursing Practice; BIO\*235: Microbiology; PSY 111: General Psychology

Course Corequisite

NUR\*102: Family Health Nursing; PSY\*201: Life Span; SOC\* 101: Principles of Sociology

**Course Components** 

Credits 1 credit

Hours Classroom: 15 hours

### **Course Description**

The student will focus on the safe use, pharmacological principles, indications and nursing implications related to drug therapy when caring for individuals and families. Emphasis will be placed on medications used with perinatal, neonatal, pediatric, geriatric and peri-operative clients. The course will stress the general characteristics of selected medications and will include indications, pharmacokinetics, side effects, adverse effects, contraindications, administration, nursing implications across the lifespan, client education and relationship to prior learning.

#### **Course Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs)**

At the completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Integrate pharmacological principles as they relate to holistic and clinical medication application when caring for a client with obstetrical, geriatric, pediatric, psychiatric, peri-operative, gynecological, genitourinary, and orthopedic conditions.
- Apply the nursing process to drug theory as it relates to clients with obstetrical, geriatric, pediatric, psychiatric, perioperative, gynecological, genitourinary, and orthopedic conditions.
- 3. Describe safe and competent medication administration as it relates to clients with obstetrical, pediatric, geriatric, psychiatric, peri- operative, gynecological, genitourinary, and orthopedic conditions.
- 4. Develop a comprehensive pharmacological teaching plan for clients with obstetrical, pediatric, geriatric, psychiatric, peri- operative, gynecological, genitourinary, and /or orthopedic conditions.
- 5. Interpret cultural and individual awareness when tailoring drug therapy to clients with obstetrical, pediatric, geriatric, psychiatric, peri-operative, gynecological, genitourinary, and orthopedic conditions.
- Differentiate the roles of the multidisciplinary health team members when implementing a pharmacological plan of
  care for clients with obstetrical, pediatric, geriatric, psychiatric, peri-operative, gynecological, genitourinary, and
  orthopedic conditions
- 7. Analyze the legal-ethical implications of medication administration related to clients with obstetrical, pediatric, geriatric, psychiatric, peri-operative, gynecological, genitourinary, and orthopedic conditions.
- 8. Examine the professional role of the nurse in medication administration for clients with obstetrical, pediatric, child/adolescence psychiatric, pre-post operative, gynecological, genitourinary, or orthopedic conditions.

# Welcome to the course:

I hope you will enjoy the freedom of taking a course on line. While online classes free you from the schedule of the classroom, it requires self-discipline to complete the readings and learning activities. It is imperative that

REV\_April 2015\_PME, Village, 15 h independent learning/45h minimum allotted http://www.abhes.org/assets/uploads/files/2011-02-224d6410418ac2dCalculating\_Credit\_Hours\_in\_Online\_&\_Blended\_Learning.pdf

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you keep up with the weekly modules. **Please take some time to thoroughly read the syllabus.** Another secret to success in e-learning is to keep in touch with the instructor. Do not hesitate to contact the course coordinator with questions through messaging within the course. For questions other students might be interested in- there is a Course Question section in the Discussion Section. I am also available to you on campus during posted office hours. Please feel free to contact me at any time via email. It will be checked frequently, and will make every effort to respond within 48 hours, but, would like to reserve Sunday as a day off.

Please note any late assignments will not accept. If the assignment is late, you will get scored as 0. It is expected all students will submit their assignments responses through the Blackboard. Work submitted after 23:59 on the due date is late. ALL PAPERS MUST BE SUBMITTED PRIOR TO THE DEADLINE. Don't wait until the last minute only to find that your email isn't working or your computer has crashed! We hope this will be a valuable and enjoyable learning experience for you.

### **Faculty:**

Cynthia Arpin Anne Lamondy, MSN, RN, Assistant Professor

Course Coordinator

alamondy@tree.commnet.educarpin@threerivers.edu

Office: C218

Phone & Voicemail: 860-215-94659447

#### Nursing Lab Tutors:

Sue Turner, MSN, RN Educational Assistant

Office Phone: 860-215-3625

<u>E-mail: 20</u>

### Faculty / Staff Availability

Students are encouraged to seek clarification with the course coordinator as needed. Students are also encouraged to seek advisement with faculty as needed. Scheduled faculty office hours are posted outside faculty offices. Students may also meet with faculty by appointment. All faculty look forward to your success. Please utilize your time wisely.

### **Study Groups**

Students are encouraged to form study groups which can meet in the lab or at the groups' mutual location choice to review module content.

### **Methods of Instruction**

Teaching modalities include on-line modules, power point, and case studies, medication teaching plans.

Computerized programmed instruction and interactive learning tools are also used. Blackboard is used as the learning management tool.

## Required Textbooks: (textbooks are used in subsequent courses)

- ATI RN Pharmacology for Nursing (6.0 edition) ATI Nursing 2013- This is available online from ATICopies of this text will be provided to students.
- 2. A current drug handbook

REV\_August 2017April 2015\_PME, Village

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#### **Recommended Text**

1. Lehne, Pharmacology for Nursing Care, with CD (8<sup>th</sup> edition) Saunders, 2013.

## **Methods of Evaluation:**

Evaluation in Nursing 103 is via a one hundred (1000) point grading system.

Introduction  $1 \times 20 = 20$ 

Discussion Boards 5 Boards 5  $\times$  50 pts each = 250

"The Village" activities—6activities 6 x 50 pts each=300

Drills/case studies/quizzes 11 x 30 pts each =330

Medication teaching plan 1 x 100 pts = 100

See Gradeable activities in each module for assignments for that unit.

Discussion boards will be graded based on a rubric, should be about 250-300 words using APA format,

When completing a discussion board please bear in mind quality of the response is of greater importance than quantity. In order to get credit you must complete your post by 23:59 on Friday, Thursday.

Note: Questions pertaining to pertinent medications will be on the N102 exams.

To pass Nursing 103 a student must earn at least a 74 average in the course and complete the medication teaching plan.

Medication Teaching Plan Assignment Submit the teaching plan found in the "assignment" section. Teaching plans are graded using the rubric listed on Blackboard. **Due date: Friday**, 11/17/173/18/16 @ 2359.

The teaching plan will be further explained at the start of the semester.

#### **Grading Policies**

To pass Nursing 103 and progress in the nursing program a student must:

- Earn at least a 74 average in the course and submit a written teaching plan..
- The Grading Formula for course:

- A 930-1000

- A- 900-920

<u>B+ 87+870-890</u>

- B 830-860

- B-<del>-80</del> 800-820

- C+ 770-790

C 740-760

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- D+ 670-690
- D 640-660
- F 0-630

**Please Note:** Grades will be computed to the second decimal point and at the end of the course will be rounded once to a whole number for the course grade. A grade at or above .50 will be rounded up to the next whole number; any grade at or below .49 will be rounded down to the whole number. See CT-CCNP handbook.

#### **Nursing Program Policy Handbook**

Refer to the Nursing Program Policy Handbook for information regarding:

### **Attendance Policy**

Students are expected to log on, complete work and participate in the course each week. It is the student's responsibility to notify the instructor if they are not able to log on. Instructor will track student participation in the course.

## Statement on Penalty for Academic Dishonesty or Plagiarism

Plagiarism is the **unacknowledged** use of another person's words or ideas in your writing. Whether conscious or not, plagiarism is a serious offense. Evidence that you did not write material that you submit under your name can result in failure for the entire course. Refer to the current College catalog for policy. Students are expected to: "Demonstrate academic integrity by not engaging in conduct that has as its intent or effect the false representation of a student's academic performance, including but not limited to: (a) cheating on an examination; (b) collaborating with others in work to be presented, contrary to the stated rules of the course; (c) plagiarizing, including the submission of others' ideas or papers (whether purchased, borrowed or otherwise obtained) as one's own; (d) stealing or having unauthorized access to examination or course materials; (e) falsifying records or laboratory or other data; (f) submitting, if contrary to the rules of a course, work previously presented in another course; and (g) knowingly assisting another student in any of the above, including an arrangement whereby any work, classroom performance, examination, or other activity is submitted or performed by a person other than the student under whose name the work is submitted or performed."

Consequences are delineated in the College Catalog.

#### **Digication Policy**

As a student, you will maintain an online learning portfolio using a TRCC designed template. Through this electronic tool, you can see your own growth in college-wide learning. It may even help you to find the major that is a match to you. You can keep this Digication account after graduation, too. A Three Rivers General Education Assessment Team will select random works and review them so that we can improve the college experience for all. Your name will not be attached to any of the assessment work; it is private. This tool will also be a "place" where you can connect your learning from the classroom, school, and life. Sometimes when you look at all of the work you have done and think about it, you learn something else. In Digication, you will be able to make other portfolios, too. It's like a file cabinet with the ability to have multiple but separate files. What is exciting about the electronic tool is when you look inside you will see you are developing in new ways! Look at your class outline to see what assignments to post into the TRCC Template; you may post your own choices, too. Have fun in learning!

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## **Additional Expected Activity Requirements**

Students are expected to participate in class discussions board (please be mindful of net-etiquette), material review and lab practice. Participation enhances the learning experience and allows students and instructors the opportunity to learn from each other.

Students are reminded that classroom demeanor is a vital part of participation. Students should behave appropriately at all times and are asked to practice common courtesy, recognizing each person's right to learn in an atmosphere conducive to the learning experience. Students who violate the rules of courtesy and/or professional demeanor will be asked to leave.

Students are required to attend all class "meetings". Lack of participation will have a direct impact on student learning.

### WITHDRAWAL POLICY:

Students may withdraw, in writing, at the Registrar's Office for any reason. Refer to the Nursing and College Student Handbooks and College Catalog. Students who receive an overall unsatisfactory clinical grade at any time in the rotation will fail this course and receive a grade of F. This course does not offer midterm theoretical warning grades. Students with concerns about their course average are encouraged to contact the course coordinator.

## **DISABILITIES STATEMENT:**

If you have a hidden or visible disability which may require classroom or test-taking modifications, please see the course coordinator as soon as possible. If you have not already done so, please be sure to register with Chris Scarborough if you have a learning disability, ADD or ADHD, or Student Services for other physical disabilities. Please see the Three Rivers Community College Catalog for additional policies and information.

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
1.5 hour	Unit 11: Pharmacological	I. Medications that Affect Uterine	Complete the following ATI	
	Management of the Obstetrical and	functioning	Online Modules:	
ATI Module 8:	Neonatal Patient	A. Uterine Stimulants: Oxytocics	1. Reproductive & GU	
Reproductive &		<ol> <li>Drug therapy that induces</li> </ol>	Systems: Related	
	At the completion of this unit, the	uterine contractions	Content in content areas	
(related content)	student will be able to:	<ul> <li>a. Oxytocin – oxytocin</li> </ul>	I-IV; Summary; Drills	
		(Pitocin)	and Case Study(ies)	
The Village:	Describe safe and competent medication		2. Cardiovascular: Drug	
None yet	administration, utilizing healthcare	methylergonovine	Therapy for	
	system technology, for the healthy	(Methergine)	Hypertension,	
	neonate and the perinatal patient.	c. Synthetic prostaglandin—	Alpha/Beta Blockers, for	
	T1 (16 1	dinoprostone(Cervidil)	content area V.	
	Identify the nursing assessments	ii. Drug therapy that stops uterine	Committee the fellowing	
	/interventions/evaluation related to	contractions	Complete the following	
	pharmacologic therapy for the healthy	a. Beta <sub>2</sub> -adrenergic agonists	Readings:	
	neonate and the perinatal patient.	-terbutaline (Brethine)	ATI, RN Pharmacology for	
	Describe the nursing implications related to the safe and competent administration of medications for the healthy neonate and the perinatal patient utilizing healthcare system technology.  Utilizing the nursing process, develop a holistic, culturally sensitive medication	<ul> <li>II. Drug therapy to accelerate fetal lung maturity</li> <li>A. Betamethasone (Celestone)</li> <li>III. Routine medications administered to</li> </ul>	Nursing, Ed. 6.0:  1. Unit 7, Chapter 32,    Medications Affecting    Labor and Delivery  2. Unit 4, Chapter 20:    a. Alpha Adrenergic    Blockers    b. Beta Adrenergic    Blockers  Complete the related ATI PME Self Tests  View YouTube videos on BB Learn addressing the administration of    1. Vitamin K    2. Erythromycin    ointment	

REV\_March 2015\_PME, Village, 15 h independent learning/45h min allotted

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
3 hours ATI Module 11: Pain & Inflammation The Village: Sheila Weems: cancer pain	Unit 2H: Perioperative Nursing, Pharmacological Management of Pain  II.  On At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:  e:  ms: Describe safe and competent medication administration, utilizing healthcare system technology, for the patient in pain.  Identify the nursing assessments /interventions/evaluation related to pharmacologic therapy for patients in pain.  Describe the nursing implications related to the safe and competent administration of medications for patients in pain.	Introduction – definitions, A&P, common disorders	Complete the following ATI Online Modules:  1. Pain and Inflammation: Related Content in content areas I-III; Summary; Drills and Case Study(ies)  Complete the following Readings:  ATI, RN Pharmacology for Nursing, Ed. 6.0: 1. Unit 9, Chapters 35-38, Medications for Pain and Inflammation  Complete the related ATI PME Self Tests  Complete the following case studies in The Village: Sheila Weems: cancer pain	EVALUATION

HOURS	UNIT SLOs		CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
1.5 hour	Unit 3HH: Perioperative Nursing,	I.	Introduction – definitions, A&P,	Complete the following ATI	
	Pharmacological Management of		common disorders	Online Modules:	
ATI Module 12:	Infection	II.	Drug therapy for bacterial infections	<ol> <li>Infection: complete</li> </ol>	
Infection	·		A. Drugs that interfere with cell wall	entire module;	
	At the completion of this unit, the		synthesis	Summary; Drills and	
The Village:	student will be able to:		i. Penicillins – amoxicillin	Case Study(ies)	
none available			(Amoxil), amoxicillin and	-	
	Describe safe and competent medication		clavulanic acid (Augmentin)	Complete the following	
	administration, utilizing healthcare		<ol> <li>ii. Cephalosporins – cephalexin</li> </ol>	Readings:	
	system technology, for patients		(Keflex)		
	requiring prophylaxis or		iii. Monobactams – aztreonam	ATI, RN Pharmacology for	
	pharmacological management of		(Azactam)	Nursing, Ed. 6.0:	
	infection.		iv. Carbapenem - imipenem and	1. Unit 12, Mediations for	
			cilastatin (Primaxin)	Infection, Chapters 43-	
	Identify the nursing assessments		v. Vancomycin – vancomycin	48	
	/interventions/evaluation for patients		(Vancocin)		
	requiring prophylaxis or		B. Antibiotics that inhibit protein	Complete the related ATI	
	pharmacological management of		synthesis	PME Self Tests	
	infection.		<ol> <li>Tetracyclines – tetracycline</li> </ol>		
			ii. Macrolides – erythromycin		
	Describe the nursing implications		iii. Aminoglycosides – gentamicin		
	related to the safe and competent		C. Drugs that inhibit DNA replication		
	administration of medications for		or cell division		
	patients requiring prophylaxis or		i. Fluoroquinolones –		
	pharmacological management of		ciprofloxacin (Cipro)		
	infection.		D. Drug therapy for urinary tract and		
	TABLE A decreasing and a second and a		other bacterial infections		
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a		i. Drugs that inhibit folic acid		
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication		synthesis		
	plan of care for patients requiring		<ul><li>ii. Sulfonamides – trimethoprim and sulfamethoxazole (Bactrim,</li></ul>		
	prophylaxis or pharmacological management of infection. Include		* *		
	support systems and organizations that		Septra)		
	can provide assistance.		iii. Urinary tract antiseptics – nitrofurantoin (Macrodantin)		
	can provide assistance.		E. Drug therapy for tuberculosis:		
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a		Antimicobacterials		
	medication teaching plan for patients		i. Isoniazid (INH, Nydrazid-IM		
	requiring prophylaxis or		form),		
	pharmacological management of		ii. Rifampin (Rifadin)		
	infection. Include support systems and		F. Drug therapy for parasitic		
	metade support systems and		infections: Antiparasities		
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HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	organizations that can provide	i. metronidazole (Flagyl)		
	assistance.	ii. chloroquine (Aralen)		
		G. Drug therapy for fungal infections:		
		Antifungals		
		<ul> <li>i. Polyene antibiotics –</li> </ul>		
		amphotericin B (Fungizone)		
		<ol> <li>ii. Azoles – ketoconazole</li> </ol>		
		H. Drug therapy for viral infections:		
		Antivirals		
		<ol> <li>acyclovir (Zovirax)</li> </ol>		
1 hour	Unit 411. Perioperative Nursing,	I. Drug therapy that supports anesthesia	Complete the following ATI	
ATI Module 3:	Drug Therapy that supports	A. Local anesthesia – lidocaine	Online Modules:	
Musculoskeletal	Anesthesia	(Xylocaine)	1. Neurological System,	
System (related		B. General anesthesia: Intravenous	Part 1, Drug Therapy	
content)	At the completion of this unit, the	Anesthetics:	that Supports Anesthesia	
	student will be able to:	i. Barbiturates: sodium thiopental		
ATI Module 6:		(Pentothal)	System, Drugs with	
Hematology	Describe safe and competent medication		Neuromuscular blocking	
(related content)	administration, utilizing healthcare	iii. Opioids: Sublimaze (fentanyl)	effects	
	system technology, for patients	C. General anesthesia/	3. The Gastrointestinal	
	requiring anesthetic management.	benzodiazepine-midazolam	System, Drug Therapy	
Gastrointestinal		(Versed)	for Nausea	
(related content)	racinary the marsing assessments	2	4. The Hematologic	
	/interventions/evaluation for patients	effects	System, Introduction,	
	requiring anesthetic management.	A. Neuromuscular blocking agents—	Drug Therapy to Prevent	
Barbara		succinylcholine(Anectine)	and Dissolve Thrombi	
	C 1	III. Drug therapy for nausea		
	related to the safe and competent	A. Serotoninantagonists-	Complete the following	
	administration of medications for	ondansetron(Zofran)	Readings:	
	patients requiring anesthetic	B. Antihistamines – dimenhydrinate		
	management.	C. Prokinetic-metoclopramide	Nursing, Ed. 6.0:	
	TTATE AT A T	(Reglan)	1. Unit 2, Medications	
		IV. The Hematologic System: Introduction		
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication	- definitions, A&P, common disorders	, 1	
		V. Drug therapy to prevent and dissolve	Neuromuscular Blocking	
	anesthetic management. Include	thrombi	Agents 2. Unit 2, Medications	
	support systems and organizations that	A. Anticoagulants     i. Factor Xa and thrombin	Affecting the Nervous	
	can provide assistance.	i. Factor Xa and thrombin inhibitor – heparin	System, Chapter 16,	
		пшоног-перати	System, Chapter 10,	

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a medication teaching plan for patients requiring anesthetic management. Include support systems and organizations that can provide assistance.	ii. Factor Xa inhibitor — enoxaparin (Lovenox) iii. Vitamin K inhibitor — warfarin (Coumadin)  B. Antiplatelets i. Salicylics—aspirin(Ecotrin) ii. ADP Inhibitors — clopidogrel (Plavix)  C. Thrombolytics—alteplase (Activase)	Sedative-Hypnotics, Intravenous Anesthetics	
2 hours	Unit 5¥: Perioperative Nursing,	I. Introduction – definitions, A&P,	Complete the following ATI	
_ =====================================	Pharmacological Management of	common disorders	Online Modules:	
ATI Module 6:	Anemia and Hypovolemia	II. Drug therapy for anemia	1. The Hematologic	
Hematologic		A. Iron deficiency anemia – iron	System, Drug Therapy	
	At the completion of this unit, the	preparations-ferrous sulfate	for Anemia; Summary,	
content)	student will be able to:	(Feosol), iron dextran (INFeD)	Drills, Case Study(ies)	
		12	2. Introduction to	
	Describe safe and competent medication	e y ano e o e a a a maria (1 ta se o e a a,	Pharmacology, Side	
		Cyanoject)	Effects and Adverse	
	system technology, for patients with	C. Megaloblastic (macrocytic)	Reactions, Anaphylactic	
(related content)		anemia-folic acid	Shock	
ATI Module 4:	Identify the nursing essessments	III. Drug therapy the supports	3. Respiratory System,	
Respiratory	Identify the nursing assessments /interventions/evaluation related to	hematopoiesis	Sympathomimetics	
Kespiratory	pharmacologic therapy for patients with	A. Erythropoietic growth factor –	(prototype: Phenylephrine)	
ATI Module 5:	anemia.	epoetin alpha (Epogen, Procrit)	4. Cardiovascular	
Cardiovascular	anoma.	B. Leukopoietic growth factor—	System,	
Caruiovascular	Describe the nursing implications	filgrastim (Neupogen)	Sympathomimetics,	
The Village :	related to the safe and competent	C. Thrombopoietic growth factors—	(prototype: Dopamine)	
none available	administration of medications for	oprelvekin (Neumega)	5. Hematologic System:	
none available	patients with anemia.		Desmopressin	
	patients with uneima.		Desinopressin	
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HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a		Complete the following	
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication	management of hypovolemic and	Readings:	
	plan of care for patients with anemia.	anaphylactic shock		
	Include support systems and	<ul> <li>A. Related nursing implications</li> </ul>	ATI, RN Pharmacology for	
	organizations that can provide	B. Interdisciplinary patient	Nursing, Ed. 6.0:	
	assistance.	management	1. Unit 5, Medications	
		C. Drug Prototypes used:	Affecting the	
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a	i. Desmopressin	Hematologic System,	
	medication teaching plan for patients	ii. Dopamine	Chapter 26, Growth	
	with anemia. Include support systems		Factors	
	and organizations that can provide			
	assistance.		Complete the related ATI	
			PME Self Tests	
	Describe pharmacological management			
	of patients with hypovolemia,			
	particularly as a result of surgical			
	intervention.			
1 hour	Unit 8VI: Pharmacological	I. Drugs that Treat Alzheimer's Disease	Complete the following ATI	
	Management of Geriatric Patients	A. Cholinesterase Inhibitors	Online Modules:	
	and those with Alzheimers Disease	i. Protype/Other Drugs	1. Neurological System,	
	and Constipation	ii. Expected Pharmacologic	Part 1, Drug Therapy	
(related content)		Action	for Alzheimer's	
ATT M. J1. 2.	At the completion of this unit, the	iii. Side/Adverse Effects	Disease 2. The Gastrointestinal	
	student will be able to:	iv. Interventions v. Administration		
Neuro System Part 1	Describe sefe and competent medication		System, Introduction	
	Describe safe and competent medication administration, utilizing healthcare	vi. Patient Instructions vii. Contraindications/Precautions	and Drug Therapy for	
	system technology, for patients with:	viii. Interactions	Constipation	
The Village :	1. Alzheimer's Disease	B. NMDA Receptor Antagonist (N-	Complete the following	
Charlotte	2. Constipation	methyl-D-aspartate receptor)	Readings:	
Weems	2. Consupation	i. Protype/Other Drugs	reddings.	
	Identify the nursing assessments	ii. Expected Pharmacologic	ATI, RN Pharmacology for	
	/interventions/evaluation related to	Action	Nursing, Ed. 6.0:	
	pharmacologic therapy for patients	iii. Side/Adverse Effects	1. Unit 2, Medications	
	with:	iv. Interventions	Affecting the Nervous	
	<ol> <li>Alzheimer's Disease</li> </ol>	v. Administration	System, Chapter 13	
	2. Constipation	vi. Patient Instructions	Chronic Neurologic	
		vii. Contraindications/Precautions	Disorders,	
	Describe the nursing implications	viii. Interactions	Cholinesterase Inhibitors	
	related to the safe and competent	II. Drug therapy for constipation		
		A. Fiber supplements – psyllium		
REV August 2	2017 <del>April 2015</del> _PME, Village			

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	administration of medications for	(Metamucil)	2. Unit 6, Medications	
	patients with:	B. Stool softeners – docusate sodium	Affecting the	
	<ol> <li>Alzheimer's Disease</li> </ol>	(Colace), docusate sodium and	Gastrointestinal System	
	2. Constipation	senna (Peri-Colace)	and Nutrition, Chapter	
		C. Stimulantlaxatives—bisacodyl	29, Laxatives	
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a	(Dulcolax)		
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication		Complete the related ATI	
	plan of care for patients with:		PME Self Tests	
	1. Alzheimer's Disease			
	2. Constipation		Complete the following case	
	Include support systems and		studies in <i>The Village:</i>	
	organizations that can provide		Charlotte Weems	
	assistance.			
	Utilizing the pursing process develope			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a holistic, culturally sensitive medication			
	plan of care for the geriatric patient,			
	focusing upon those with Alzheimer's			
	Disease and Constipation. Include			
	support systems and organizations that			
	can provide assistance.			
	1			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	medication teaching plan for the			
	geriatric patient, focusing upon those			
	with Alzheimer's Disease and			
	Constipation. Include support systems			
	and organizations that can provide			
	assistance.			
1 hour	Unit 7VII: Pharmacological	I. Introduction – definitions, A&P,	Complete the following ATI	
ATI Modul- 2:	Management of Patients with	common disorders	Online Modules:	
ATI Module 3: Musculoskeletal		II. Drug therapy for rheumatoid arthritis A. DMARDI—methotrexate	1. The Musculoskeletal	
	At the completion of this unit, the	B. DMARDII—etanercept (Enbrel)	System: Drug Therapy for Rheumatoid	
		III. Drug therapy for osteoporosis	Arthritis, Osteoporosis	
(Telateu Content)	sincen will be uble to.	A. SERMs – raloxifene (Evista)	2. Pain and	
ATI Module 11:	Describe safe and competent medication		Inflammation: Review	
Pain &	administration, utilizing healthcare	(Fosamax)	Drug Therapy for	
	system technology, for patients with	C. Calcitonin – calcitonin-salmon	Inflammation,	
	musculoskeletal disorders.	(Miacalcin)	Glucocorticoids	
		D. Calcium supplements – calcium		
DEST. Assessed a	O17April O015 PME Village	**	•	•

HOURS	UNIT SLOs		CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
The Village:	Identify the nursing assessments		citrate (Citracal), calcium	Complete the following	
The Crosby	/interventions/evaluation related to		carbonate (Tums)	Readings:	
Family	pharmacologic therapy for patients with	IV.	Drug therapy for inflammation		
	musculoskeletal disorders.		A. Glucocorticoids – prednisone	ATI, RN Pharmacology for	
				Nursing, Ed. 6.0:	
	Describe the nursing implications			1. Unit 8, Medications for	
	related to the safe and competent			Joint and Bone	
	administration of medications for			Conditions, Chapters 33	
	patients with musculoskeletal disorders.			and 34	
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			Complete the related ATI	
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication			PME Self Tests	
	plan of care for patients with				
	musculoskeletal disorders. Include			Complete the following case	
	support systems and organizations that			studies in The Village:	
	can provide assistance.			The Crosby Family	
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a				
	medication teaching plan for patients				
	with musculoskeletal disorders. Include				
	support systems and organizations that				
	can provide assistance.				
0.75 hour	Unit 6VIII: Pharmacological		Immune System Introduction –	Complete the following ATI	
	Management of the Pediatric Patient		definitions, A&P, common disorders	Online Modules:	
ATI Module 10:		II.	Drug therapy to prevent disease		
	At the completion of this unit, the		A. Childhood vaccines	1. Vaccinations:	
(related content)	student will be able to:		B. Adult and older adult vaccines	Immune System: Drug	
		111.	Drug therapy for upper respiratory	Therapy to Prevent Disease	
	Describe safe and competent		disorders – allergic rhinitis	2 411 . D .:	
Respiratory	administration of vaccines throughout		A. H1-receptor antagonists	2. Allergic Reactions:	
System	the lifespan utilizing healthcare system	1	i. Sedating antihistamines –	Respiratory System:	
(related content)	technology focusing upon the pediatric		diphenhydramine	Sedating Antihistamines,	
The Willes	patient population.		ii. Non-sedating antihistamines –	Prototype: Diphenhydramine	
The Village:	Identify the manine accessor of		cetirizine (Zyrtec)	Commission the following	
None available	Identify the nursing assessments			Complete the following	
	/interventions/evaluation related to			Readings:	
	pharmacologic therapy for patients			ATI DN Dharmacalass for	
	requiring vaccination focusing upon the			ATI, RN Pharmacology for	
	pediatric patient population.			Nursing, Ed. 6.0:	
				1. Unit 11, Chapter 41	

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	Describe the nursing implications		2. Unit 3, Chapter 18,	
	related to the safe and competent		Antihistamines	
	administration of vaccinations, focusing			
	upon the pediatric patient population.		Complete the related ATI	
			PME Self Tests	
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication		Visit the Children's Hospital	
	plan of care for patients requiring		of Philadelphia Vaccination	
	vaccination focusing upon the pediatric		Education Center at:	
	patient population. Include support		http://vec.chop.edu/service/v	
	systems and organizations that can provide assistance.		accine-education- center/home.html	
	provide assistance.		center/nome.ntmi	
	Discuss pharmacological management			
	and nursing implications for			
	management of upper respiratory			
	disorders across the lifespan.			
	1			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	medication teaching plan for patients			
	requiring vaccination focusing upon the			
	pediatric patient population. Include			
	support systems and organizations that			
	can provide assistance.			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	medication teaching plan for patients			
	requiring management of upper respiratory disorders across the lifespan.			
	Include support systems and			
	organizations that can provide			
	assistance.			
1. 25 hour	Unit 101X: Pharmacological Management	I. Male reproductive drugs	Complete the following ATI	
	of Patients with Genitourinary Disorders	A. Drug therapy for replacement of	Online Modules:	
ATI Module 8:		androgens	1. The Reproductive &	
Reproductive &	At the completion of this unit, the	i. Testosterone-testosterone	Genitourinary System:	
GU Systems (related content)	student will be able to:	(Androderm, Delatestryl)	Introduction, The Male	
(I clated content)	Describe safe and competent medication	B. Drug therapy for benign prostatic	Reproductive System	
ATI Module 12:	administration, utilizing healthcare	hypertrophy and outflow disorders	and The Urinary Tract	
Infection	administration, utilizing heartifeare	i. 5-alphareductaseinhibitor—	2. The Reproductive &	
	DOLEANNI COLE DIME Village	finasteride(Propecia, Proscar)	Genitourinary System:	

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
(related content)	system technology, for patients with	ii. Alpha-adrenergic receptor	Male Reproductive	
	Genitourinary disorders such as:	antagonists-tamsulosin	Drugs	
	<ol> <li>Hormone deficiencies</li> </ol>	(Flomax)	3. <b>Infection:</b> Drug Therapy	
The Village:	<ol><li>Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy</li></ol>	C. Drug therapy for erectile	for Urinary Tract and	
Jessie Weems	(BPH)	dysfunction	other bacterial infections	
	<ol><li>Erectile Dysfunction</li></ol>	<ol> <li>i. PDE5 inhibitor – sildenafil</li> </ol>		
	4. Urinary Incontinence	(Viagra)	Complete the related ATI	
	5. Urinary Retention	II. Urinary tract drugs	PME Self Tests	
	6. Urinary Tract Infection	A. Drug therapy for urinary		
		incontinence/over-active bladder	Complete the following	
	Identify the nursing assessments		Readings:	
	/interventions/evaluation related to	chloride (Ditropan)		
	pharmacologic therapy for patients with	B. Drugtherapy for urinary retention		
	Genitourinary disorders such as:	i. Cholinergics – bethanechol	Nursing, Ed. 6.0:	
	1. Hormone deficiencies	(Urecholine)	1. Unit 7, Medications	
		III. Drug therapy for urinary tract and	Affecting the	
	(BPH)	other bacterial infections	Reproductive System,	
	3. Erectile Dysfunction	A. Drugs that inhibit folic acid	Chapter 31: Androgens,	
	4. Urinary Incontinence	synthesis	5-alphareductase	
	5. Urinary Retention	i. Sulfonamides – trimethoprim	inhibitors; Alpha-	
	6. Urinary Tract Infection	and sulfamethoxazole (Bactrim,	, adrenergicantagonists; Phosphodiesterase	
	Describe the nursing implications	Septra) ii. Urinary tract antiseptics –	(PDE5) inhibitors	
	related to the safe and competent		2. Unit 2, Medications	
	administration of medications for	introfurantom (Macrodantin)	Affecting the Nervous	
	patients with Genitourinary disorders		System, Chapter 15,	
	such as:		Muscarinic Agonists,	
	1. Hormone deficiencies		Muscarinic Antagonists	
	2. Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy		Widscarinic Antagonists	
	(BPH)		Complete the following case	
	3. Erectile Dysfunction		studies in <i>The Village:</i>	
	4. Urinary Incontinence		Jessie Weems	
	5. Urinary Retention			
	6. Urinary Tract Infection			
	,			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication			
	plan of care for patients with			
	Genitourinary disorders such as:			
	Hormone deficiencies			

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	2. Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy (BPH) 3. Erectile Dysfunction 4. Urinary Incontinence 5. Urinary Retention 6. Urinary Tract Infection Include support systems and organizations that can provide assistance.			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a medication teaching plan for patients with Genitourinary disorders such as:  1. Hormone deficiencies 2. Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy (BPH) 3. Erectile Dysfunction 4. Urinary Incontinence 5. Urinary Retention 6. Urinary Tract Infection Include support systems and organizations that can provide assistance.			
1 hour  ATI Module 8: Reproductive & GU Systems (related content) The Village: none	Unit 9X: Pharmacological Management of Patients Using Contraception and those with Gynecological Disorders  At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:  Describe safe and competent medication administration, utilizing healthcare system technology, for patients seeking contraception and for those with Gynecological disorders such as:  1. Premenstrual Syndrome 2. Menopausal Syndrome 3. Infertility  Identify the nursing assessments /interventions/evaluation related to	<ul> <li>I. Introduction – definitions, A&amp;P, common disorders</li> <li>II. Female reproductive drugs         <ul> <li>A. Estrogen and progesterone hormones</li> <li>1. Drug therapy for contraception and premenstrual syndrome (PMS)</li> <li>2. Drug therapy for premenstrual syndrome (PMS)</li> <li>3. Drug therapy for menopause</li> <li>B. Drug therapy for endometrial hyperplasia and endometriosis</li> <li>C. Ovulation-related hormones: Drug therapy for infertility</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Complete the following Readings:  ATI, RN Pharmacology for Nursing, Ed. 6.0: 1. Unit 7, Chapter 31: Medications Affecting	

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	pharmacologic therapy for patients		Complete the related ATI	
	seeking contraception and for those		PME Self Tests	
	with Gynecological disorders such as:			
	1. Premenstrual Syndrome			
	<ol><li>Menopausal Syndrome</li></ol>			
	3. Infertility			
	5 9 4 1 1 1			
	Describe the nursing implications			
	related to the safe and competent			
	administration of medications for			
	patients seeking contraception and for			
	those with Gynecological disorders such as:			
	1. Premenstrual Syndrome			
	2. Menopausal Syndrome			
	3. Infertility			
	3. Infortunty			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	holistic, culturally sensitive medication			
	plan of care for patients seeking			
	contraception and for those with			
	Gynecological disorders such as:			
	Premenstrual Syndrome			
	<ol><li>Menopausal Syndrome</li></ol>			
	3. Infertility			
	Include support systems and			
	organizations that can provide			
	assistance.			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	medication teaching plan for patients			
	seeking contraception and for those			
	with Gynecological disorders such as:			
	1. Premenstrual Syndrome			
	2. Menopausal Syndrome			
	3. Infertility			
	Include support systems and			
	organizations that can provide			
	assistance.			

HOURS	UNIT SLOs		CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
1 hour	Unit 11XI: Pharmacological	I.	Introduction – definitions, A&P,	Complete the following ATI	Α.
	Management for Patients with Anxiety		common disorders	Online Modules:	
ATI Module 2:	and Mood Disorders	II.	Psychotherapeutic drugs	1. Neurological System	
				Part 2: Introduction	
The Village: none	At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:  Describe safe and competent medication administration, utilizing healthcare system technology, for patients with mental health disorders such as:  1. Anxiety 2. Depression 3. Bipolar disorder  Identify the nursing assessments /interventions/evaluation related to pharmacologic therapy for patients with mental health disorders such as: 1. Anxiety 2. Depression 3. Bipolar disorder  Describe the nursing implications related to the safe and competent administration of medications for patients with mental health disorders such as:  1. Anxiety 2. Depression 3. Bipolar disorder  Utilizing the nursing process, develop a holistic, culturally sensitive medication plan of care for patients with mental health disorders such as:  1. Anxiety 2. Depression 3. Bipolar disorder		A. Drugtherapy for anxiety disorders  i. Benzodiazepines—diazepam (Valium), alprazolam(Xanax)  ii. Non-benzodiazepines— buspirone  B. Drugtherapy for depression i. Tricyclic antidepressants— amitriptyline ii. SSRIs—fluoxetine (Prozac) iii. SNRIs—venlafaxine iv. MAOIs—phenelzine (Nardil) v. Atypical antidepressants— bupropion HCL (Wellbutrin)  C. Drugtherapy for bipolar disorder i. Lithium—lithium carbonate (Lithobid) ii. Antiepileptic drugs (AED)— valproic acid (Depakote)	Part 2: Introduction  2. Neurological System Part 2: Psychotherapeutic Drugs, Drug Therapy for anxiety disorders  3. Neurological System Part 2: Psychotherapeutic Drugs, Drug Therapy for depression  4. Neurological System Part 2: Psychotherapeutic Drugs, Drug Therapy for bipolar disorder  Complete the following Readings:  ATI, RN Pharmacology for Nursing, Ed. 6.0:  1. Unit 2, Medications Affecting the Nervous System: a. Chapter 7, Anxiety Disorders b. Chapter 8, Depressive Disorders c. Chapter 9, Bipolar Disorders d. Chapter 16, Sedative- Hypnotics	
	3. Bipolar disorder			Complete the related ATI PME Self Tests	

HOURS	UNIT SLOs	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION
	Include support systems and			
	organizations that can provide			
	assistance.			
	Utilizing the nursing process, develop a			
	medication teaching plan for patients			
	with mental health disorders such as:			
	1. Anxiety			
	2. Depression			
	<ol><li>Bipolar disorder</li></ol>			
	Include support systems and			
	organizations that can provide			
	assistance.			