





MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NFPA

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer: WD-40 Company

Address:

1061 Cudahy Place (92110)

P.O. Box 80607

San Diego, California

92138-0607

Telephone:

Emergency Only:

1 (800) 424-9300

(CHEMTREC)

Information: Chemical Name: (619) 275-1400

Trade Name:

Organic Mixture WD-40 Bulk Liquid

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Exposure Limit ACGIH/OSHA % CAS Number Chemical Name 100 ppm PEL 70 8052-41-3 Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates > 20 5 mg/M3 TWA (mist) 64742-65-0 Petroleum Base Oil

< 10 Non-hazardous Ingredients

III. PHYSICAL DATA

300°F (minimum) Boiling Point: Greater than 1 Vapor Density (air = 1): Insoluble Solubility in Water:

Specific Gravity $(H_20 = 1)$: .800 @ 70°F 74%

Percent Volatile (volume):

Evaporation Rate: Vapor Pressure:

Appearance:

Odor: VOC:

Not determined Not determined

Cloudy light amber Characteristic odor 568 grams per liter

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION

Tag Open Cup 110°F (minimum) Flash Point: (solvent portion) [Lel] 1.0% [Uel] 6.0% Flammable Limits:

CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam Extinguishing Media:

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

None None

V. HEALTH HAZARD / ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY

Threshold Limit Value

Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates (Stoddard solvent) lowest TLV (ACGIH 100 ppm.)

Symptoms of Overexposure

Inhalation (Breathing): May cause anesthesia, headache, dizziness, nausea and upper respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Eve Contact:

May cause drying of skin and or irritation. May cause irritation, tearing and redness.

Ingestion (Swallowed): May cause irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

First Aid Emergency Procedures

Ingestion (Swallowed): Do not induce vomiting, seek medical attention.

Eve Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water.

Inhalation (Breathing): Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen.

DANGER!

Aspiration Hazard:

If swallowed can enter lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis. Do not induce

Suspected Cancer Agent

Yes____ No__X__

The components in this mixture have been found to be noncarcinogenic

by NTP, IARC and OSHA.

vomiting. Call Physician immediately.

D-40 Technical Data.

Physical Characteristics

APPEARANCE COLOR ODOR

SPECIFIC GRAVITY VISCOSITY

FLASH POINT (MINIMUM) PERCENT NON-VOLATILE (MINIMUM)

Clear or slightly cloudy Light amber Very slight characteristic pleasant odor .800 ± .020 at 72° F. 27.5 ± 1.0 sec. Zahn # 1 at 72° F.

110°F, TOC 22% by weight PERCENT VOLATILE (MAXIMUM)

POUR POINT LOW TEMPERATURE STABILITY

COVERAGE **BOILING POINT (INITIAL)** WEIGHT, applied coating THICKNESS

OPERATING TEMPERATURE

78% by weight aliphatic petroleum distillate Less than -100° F

Excellent

600 to 1000 sq. ft. per gal. 300°F (minimum) 3.4 x 10° lbs./sq. ft. .0001 to .0003 inch -50°F to 300°F

Properties

CORROSION PROTECTION: (on freshly sanded mild steel panels)

EXPOSURE RESULTS Humidity (JAN-H-792) No rust after 1000 hours No rust after 50 hours Salt Spray (FED STD 151) Salt Spray (FED STD 151) Rust beginning after 100 hours

Under actual conditions the duration of protection obtained using WD-40 will vary with the type of material being protected and the conditions of exposure. Generally, on mild steel the protection under various conditions will be approximately as

- 1. Covered or indoor storage 1 year or longer
- 2. Protected exterior storage 6 months to 1 year
- 3. Normal exterior exposure 30 to 60 days
- 4. Severe exterior exposure 15 to 30 days (on or very near the beach, subject to high humidity, salt spray and salt fog) If longer protection is desired, WD-40 should be lightly reapplied when necessary.

LUBRICATION: Dynamic coefficient of friction

BEARING PRESSURE 100 psi	COEFFICIENT 0.112	TEST Heat treated 4340 steel
	0.114	with normal blue oxide
1000 psi	0.129	film against itself lubricated
2000 psi		with WD-40
3000 psi	0.138	WIIII VVD-40
4000 psi	0.145	

ELECTRICAL: Dielectric strength ASTM D-877 12,000 V. per 0.100 in.

Contact resistance ASTM B-182 modified

	BARE CONTACTS	WD-40 TREATED CONTACTS	RESISTANCE OF FILM
before cycling	0.0066	0.0083 ohm	0.0017 ohm
after 5 cycles	0.0067	0.0085 ohm	0.0018 ohm
after 100 cycles	0.0069	0.0086 ohm	0.0017 ohm
after 1000 cycles	0.0074	0.0085 ohm	0.0011 ohm
after 20,000 cycles	0.0083	0.0098 ohm	0.0016 ohm

Effect on Materials

GENERAL: Nearly all materials react to WD-40 as they would to high grade aliphatic petroleum spirits with the same exposure, i.e., spray, quick dip or prolonged immersion. WD-40 contains no silicone, teflon or chlorofluorocarbons.

RUBBER: No visible effects on surfaces of various types of rubber sprayed with WD-40. Certain types of rubber will swell upon prolonged immersion in WD-40.

HIGH STRENGTH STEELS (for hydrogen embrittlement): Certified SAFE according to the Lawrence Hydrogen Effusion Test.

FABRICS: The following fabrics were exposed to WD-40 with no effect, except slight staining which was readily removed with naphtha or dry cleaning solvent: Nylon, Orlon, Wool, Dacron, Cotton.

PAINTED SURFACES: Many types of paint on various surfaces have been exposed to WD-40 with no effect. Wax polishes and certain wax coatings may be softened by WD-40.

PLASTICS: The following plastics were immersed in WD-40 for 168 hours with no visible effects:

Polyethylene **Formica** Polypropylene

EDOXV Vinyl Acrylic

Nylon

Delrin

Polyester Teflon Clear polycarbonate and polystyrene may stress craze or crack in contact with WD-40.

WD-40 and the Environment

WD-40 is a positive contributor to the preservation of the environment. Here are a few facts about WD-40 and the environment:

- WD-40 does not contain Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's), HCFC's, Halon's or 1.1.1. Trichlorethane (Methyl Chloroform); chemicals that are alleged to contribute to the depletion of the stratospheric ozone layer.
- WD-40 contains no known cancer causing chemicals.
- Aerosol containers are sealed so their contents can't leak, spill or become contaminated.
- WD-40 cans contain recycled steel and when empty can be recycled again.
- WD-40 cans are shipped to our customers in recycled corrugated cartons.
- WD-40 Company uses recycled paper whenever possible in our advertising materials.
- In June, 1991, WD-40 replaced "styrofoam peanuts" foam used for packaging with eco-foam made of 95% cornstarch.
- By extending the usage of equipment and postponing its disposal, we save natural resources and energy while reducing the generation of solid waste.

USDA APPROVED (H-2 Classification)

DANGER: COMBUSTIBLE, HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Contains petroleum distillates. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Call physician immediately. Use in ventilated area. Keep from children.

VI. REACTIVITY DATA Stable Unstable Stability: Conditions to avoid: NA Strong oxidizing materials Incompatability: Thermal decomposition may yield carbon monoxide Hazardous decomposition products: and/or carbon dioxide. Will not occur May occur , jazardous polymerization: VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES Spill Response Procedures Spill unlikely from aerosol cans. Leaking cans should be placed in plastic bag or open pail until pressure has dissipated. Waste Disposal Method Empty aerosol cans should not be punctured or incinerated; bury in land fill. Liquid should be incinerated or buried in land fill. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. VIII. SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION Sufficient to keep solvent vapor less than TLV. Ventilation: Advised when concentrations exceed TLV. Respiratory Protection: Advised to prevent possible skin irritation. Protective Gloves: Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, Eye Protection: irritation or injury. None required. Other Protective Equipment: IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS Keep from sources of ignition. Avoid excessive inhalation of spray particles, do not take internally. Do not puncture, incinerate or store container above 120°F. Exposure to heat may cause bursting. Keep from children. X. TRANSPORTATION DATA Domestic Surface Consumer Commodity Description: ORM-D Hazard Class: NONE ID No.: Label Required: Consumer Commodity (ORM-D) Domestic Air Consumer Commodity (Flammable Gas-Aerosol products) Description: ORM-D Hazard Class: ID No: NONE Consumer Commodity (ORM-D-AIR) Label Required: XI. REGULATORY INFORMATION All ingredients for this product are listed on the TSCA inventory. SARA Title III chemicals: None California Prop 65 chemicals: None CERCLA reportable quantity: None RCRA hazardous waste no: D001 (Ignitable) Technical Director TITLE: SIGNATURE: R. Miles SUPERSEDES: August 1992 TVISION DATE: October 1993 > = More than NA = Not applicable NDA = No data available < = Less than

We believe the statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are reliable. However, the data is provided without warranty, expressed or implied. It is the users responsibility both to determine safe conditions for use of this product and assume loss, damage or expense, direct or consequential, arising from its use. Before using product, read label.

MSDS-A