NFPA HAZARD RATING (0=INSIGNIFICANT; 1=SLIGHT; 2=MODERATE; 3=HIGH; 4=EXTREME): 1 <--HEALTH 1 <--FLAMMABILITY 0 <--REACTIVITY <--SPECIAL

AQUA-SOL 20/20 INDUSTRY

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PAGE : 03 THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE : NOT ESTABLISHED FOR MIXTURE. SEE SECTION 11. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE EXPOSURE FROM THIS ALKALINE MIXTURE RESULTS IN REDDENING OF THE SKIN, MODERATE IRRITATION & POSSIBLE DISCOMFORT. IRRITATION BY INHALING SPRAY MIST TO UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT OR OTHER MUCOUS MEMBRANE AREAS. EYE CONTACT PRODUCES TEARING, IRRITATION & DISCOMFORT. ACCIDENTAL INGESTION CAUSES NAUSEA, DIARRHEA AND IRRITATION OF INTESTINAL LINING.

LONG-TERM MISUSE RESULTING FROM AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF MIST OR SPRAY MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. CHRONIC EFFECTS MAY RESULT IN SUPERFICIAL DESTRUCTION OF TISSUE AND DERMATITIS. THERE ARE NO KNOWN CHRONIC EFFECTS TO THE EYES OTHER THAN THE EXTENSION OF THE ACUTE EFFECTS. PERSONS WITH AGGRAVATED SKIN CONDITIONS OR RESPIRATORY TRACT. CHRONIC EFFECTS TO THE EYES OTHER THAN THE EXTENSION OF THE ACUTE EFFECTS. PERSONS WITH AGGRAVATED SKIN CONDITIONS OR RESPIRATORY TRACT DISEASE MAY BE NEGATIVELY AFFECTED BY THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT TRACT DISEASE MAY BE NEGATIVELY AFFECTED BY THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT EFFECTS.

PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY: <-- INHALATION <-- INGESTION <-- ABSORPTION

EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES
INHALATION :
REMOVE FROM AREA TO FRESH AIR. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF RESPIRATORY
IRRITATION DEVELOPS OR IF BREATHING BECOMES DIFFICULT. EYE CONTACT:
IMMEDIATELY RINSE EYES WITH WATER. REMOVE ANY CONTACT LENSES, AND CONTINUE
FLUSHING EYES WITH RUNNING WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. HOLD EYELIDS
APART TO ENSURE RINSING OF THE ENTIRE SURFACE OF THE EYES AND LIDS WITH
WATER. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN CONTACT:
WASH AFFECTED AREAS WITH PLENTY OF WATER, AND SOAP IF AVAILABLE, FOR
SEVERAL MINUTES, REMOVE AND CLEAN CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES.
SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF IRRITATION DEVELOPS OR PERSISTS. INGESTION:
GIVE 3-4 GLASSES OF WATER, BUT DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. GET MEDICAL
ATTENTION TO DETERMINE WHETHER EVACUTATION OF STOMACH IS NECESSARY. DO NOT
GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS OR CONVULSING PERSON. NOTES TO PHYSICIAN : SODIUM METASILICATE: GASTRIC LAVAGE IS INDICATED. SECTION VI - TOXICITY INFORMATION PRODUCT CONTAINS CHEMICAL LISTED AS CARCINOGEN OR POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN BY: IARC <--YES NTP <--YES DSHA <--YES ACGIH <--YES DTHER <--YES X<--NO X<--NO X<--NO X<--NO AQUA-SOL 20/20 INDUSTRY SECTION VI - TOXICITY INFORMATION PAGE : 04 (CONTINUED) SODIUM METASILICATE: DRL-RAT LD50: 1280 MG/KG 3. SKN-RBT 250MG/24H SEV 3. TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER DRL-RAT LD50: 3300MG/KG 4. DRL-DDG LD50: 5000MG/KG 4. 2. 6.8-TRIMETHYL-4-NDNYLDXYPOLY DXYETHANDL DRL-RAT LD50: 5650MG/KG 4. SECTION VII - REACTIVITY DATA STABILITY X<--STABLE <--UNSTABL CONDITIONS TO AVOID N/A INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)
MAY ETCH GLASS OR ANDOIZED ALUMINUM IF PRODUCT IS HOT, THE SURFACE IS HOT OR THE PRODUCT IS NOT RINSED OR PROPERLY DILUTED. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS OXIDES OF CARBON, NITROGEN, SILICA HAZARDOUS X <--OCCUR <--OCCUR CONDITIONS TO AVOID POLYMERIZATION N/A SECTION VIII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES STEPS TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED SMALL SPILL: FLUSH SURFACE WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER & FLUSH DOWN DRAIN. LARGE SPILL: STOP LEAK. CONTAIN SPILL REMOVE BY WET VACUUM OR ABSORBANT. REUSE SPILLED MATERIAL IF POSSIBLE, OTHERWISE, PLACE IN COSED LABELED CONTAINER AND STORE IN SAFE PLACE FLUSHING REMAINING RESIDUE TO DRAIN. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD
DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE, FEDERAL & LOCAL REGULATIONS
CONCERNING HEALTH POLLUTION. NEUTRALIZING AGENT DILUTE (10%) HCL OR FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER. SECTION IX - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

SECTION XIII - REFERENCES

1. VENDOR'S MSDS.
2. THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUES FOR CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES AND PHYSICAL AGENTS AND BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDICES, ACGIH, 1991-1992.
3. OSHA PEL.
4. DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUTRIAL MATERIALS, 7TH EDITION, N. IRVING SAX AND RICHARD J. LEWIS, SR.

*SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT (TWA) LISTED AS FINAL RULE LIMITS PUBLISHED IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER/VOL.54 NO.12, 1-19-89

AEROSOL PROPELLANT(S)

NFPA HAZARD RATING (O=INSIGNIFICANT; 1=SLIGHT; 2=MODERATE; 3=HIGH; 4=EXTREME): 1 <--HEALTH 1 <--FLAMMABILITY 0 <--REACTIVITY <--SPECIAL

AQUA-SOL 20/20 INDUSTRY

PAGE : 03

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

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ACUTE - (SHORT TERM EXPOSURE)

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